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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 8-K

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CURRENT REPORT  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

July 15, 2002

1-13796

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Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

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Commission File Number

**GRAY COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Georgia

52-0285030

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(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

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(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**4370 Peachtree Road, NE**  
**Atlanta, Georgia 30319**

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(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

**(404) 504-9828**

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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**Item 5. Other Events.**

*In this report, unless otherwise indicated, the words "Gray," "our," "us" and "we" refer to Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Our discussion of the television stations that we own and operate does not include our interest in the stations owned by Sarkes Tazian, Inc.*

On June 4, 2002, we executed a merger agreement with Stations Holding Company, Inc., which we refer to as "Stations," the parent company of Benedek Broadcasting Corporation, which we refer to as "Benedek." The merger agreement provides that we will acquire Stations by merging our newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary, Gray MidAmerica Television, Inc., which we refer to as "Gray MidAmerica Television," into Stations. In consideration for Stations, we will pay an estimated consideration of \$502.5 million, a substantial portion of which will be used to satisfy, in full, certain outstanding indebtedness of Stations in accordance with a plan of reorganization filed by Stations with the United States bankruptcy court in Delaware on July 1, 2002. We may pay additional cash consideration of \$4.9 million for certain estimated net working capital, as specified in the merger agreement.

Benedek plans to sell or already has sold, prior to the effective time of the merger, a total of nine designated television stations. Upon completion of the merger, we will own a total of 28 stations serving 23 television markets. Based on results for the year ended December 31, 2001, the combined Gray and Benedek television stations produced approximately \$213.9 million of net revenue and \$84.8 million of broadcast cash flow. Including our publishing and other operations, the combined Gray and Benedek operations for 2001 produced approximately \$263.8 million of net revenue and \$97.1 million of media cash flow. We expect the merger, if it closes, to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2002.

In connection with our acquisition of Stations, we intend to issue equity and debt securities, which may be effected through a registered offering or a private placement exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, and amend our existing credit facility.

Set forth below is certain business and financial information regarding Gray and Stations and information regarding our acquisition of Stations.

## THE MERGER

This section of the report describes certain material aspects of the proposed merger. This summary does not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should carefully read the entire report and the other documents to which we refer you, including the merger agreement, for a more complete understanding of the merger.

### The Other Parties

Stations is the parent company of Benedek. Stations' principal executive offices are located at 2895 Greenpoint Parkway, Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60195, telephone number (847) 585-3450. Gray MidAmerica Television is our newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary, formed solely for the purpose of effecting the merger.

### Our Reasons for the Merger

Our business strategy includes continued acquisitions of companies whose businesses are complementary to ours. We believe that Stations is an excellent strategic fit and that the acquisition of Stations will create significant benefits, including:

- the acquisition will create a stronger company and will diversify the geographic range of our television stations, broadening substantially our market presence in the television broadcasting market;
- the acquisition gives us access to additional operating cash flow for the purposes of funding debt service, as well as future acquisitions and investments;
- the acquisition presents an opportunity to increase revenue share and audience share;
- the acquisition presents an opportunity for cross-promotion and cross-selling; and
- the acquisition strengthens our management teams and local news operations.

### Bankruptcy Court and Regulatory Filings and Approvals

*Bankruptcy Court.* Stations has filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the federal bankruptcy code. Consequently, the merger is subject to the bankruptcy court's approval of Stations' plan of reorganization, and all of Stations' obligations under the merger agreement are subject to the approval of the bankruptcy court. Stations filed the required information and materials with the bankruptcy court on July 1, 2002.

*Federal Communications Commission.* The merger is subject to approval by the Federal Communications Commission, "FCC." Stations and its subsidiaries and we and our subsidiaries filed with the FCC the necessary application with respect to the change of control on June 10, 2002.

*Antitrust.* The merger is subject to the requirements of the Hart-Scott Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, which provides that certain transactions may not be consummated until required information and materials have been furnished to the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission and certain waiting periods have expired or been terminated. Stations and we filed the required information and materials with the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission on June 20, 2002. Early termination of the statutory waiting period under the Hart-Scott Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 was granted on July 1, 2002.

The Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission frequently scrutinize the legality under the antitrust laws of transactions such as the merger. At any time before or after the effective time, either the Department of Justice or the Federal Trade Commission could take such action under the antitrust laws as it deems necessary or desirable in the public interest, or certain other persons could take action under the antitrust laws, including seeking to enjoin the merger.

### **Sale of Certain Designated Benedek Stations Prior to the Merger**

Benedek has sold or plans to sell, prior to the effective time of the merger, a total of nine designated television stations, which we refer to as the "excluded stations." Benedek plans to sell eight of the excluded stations to Chelsey Broadcasting Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which we refer to as "Chelsey," or its affiliates pursuant to an asset purchase agreement. Benedek already has sold its television station in Wheeling, West Virginia to a third party on April 30, 2002. Benedek intends to use the net proceeds of these sales to repay indebtedness under its senior secured credit facility. The sale of the nine designated television stations is a condition to the merger.

### **Accounting Treatment**

The merger will be accounted for as a purchase for financial accounting purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. For purposes of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we will establish a new accounting basis for Stations' assets and liabilities based upon their fair values, the merger consideration and the costs of the merger. Any excess of cost over the fair value of the net assets of Stations will be recorded as goodwill and other intangible assets. A final determination of the intangible asset values and required purchase accounting adjustments, including the allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values, has not yet been made. We will determine the fair value of Stations' assets and liabilities and will make appropriate purchase accounting adjustments, including adjustments to the amortization period of the intangible assets, upon completion of that determination.

## THE MERGER AGREEMENT AND RELATED AGREEMENTS

This section of the report describes the material terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 4, 2002, among Stations, Gray MidAmerica Television and us and related agreements, including the Lock Up, Voting and Consent Agreements that Stations and we entered into with certain stockholders and creditors of Stations, an agreement regarding benefits to be provided to members of the Benedek family following consummation of the merger and an amendment to K. James Yager's employment agreement. Copies of the merger agreement and lock up agreements are attached as exhibits to the report. You are urged to read the merger agreement in its entirety for a more complete description of the merger because it is the principal legal document that governs the merger.

### The Merger

Subject to the terms and conditions of the merger agreement, we will acquire Stations through the merger of Gray MidAmerica Television with and into Stations. Stations will be the surviving corporation in the merger.

### Effective Time

The merger will be consummated when a certificate of merger, that we will file with the State of Delaware, becomes effective. The merger agreement provides that the parties will use their reasonable efforts to cause the effective time to occur on the seventh business day after the satisfaction or waiver of all the conditions to the merger. See "The Merger Agreement and Related Agreements — Conditions to the Merger." However, the effective time may not occur prior to October 1, 2002.

The merger agreement further provides that we may, on one occasion, delay the effective time for up to 120 days if any of the following occurs: (1) any general suspension of trading in equity securities in the United States securities or financial markets for more than two consecutive trading days; (2) a declaration of a banking moratorium or any suspension of payments in respect of banks by federal or state authorities in the United States; (3) commencement of a war, armed hostilities or other national or international calamity directly involving the United States; (4) any limitation by any governmental authority on the extension of credit by banks or other lending institutions in the United States; or (5) if any of the foregoing exists on the date the merger agreement is signed, a material acceleration or worsening thereof.

### Merger Consideration and Conversion of Gray MidAmerica Television and Stations' Stock

At the effective time of the merger, the outstanding shares of Stations 11.5% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock, which we refer to as the "senior preferred stock," and Junior Discount Preferred Stock, which we refer to as the "junior preferred stock," will be converted into the right to receive a cash payment. No cash consideration will be paid to holders of outstanding shares of Stations class A common stock and class B common stock. The stock of Gray MidAmerica Television and Stations will be converted as described below:

*Gray MidAmerica Television common stock.* Each share of Gray MidAmerica Television common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will be converted into one share of Stations class B common stock.

*Stations senior preferred stock.* Each share of Stations senior preferred stock (excluding shares held by Stations or any of its subsidiaries, other than in a fiduciary capacity) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will be converted into the right to receive the senior preferred stock purchase price, equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (1) \$500,000,000, *minus* (A) the amount outstanding at the effective time under Stations debt instruments plus accrued interest thereon through the effective time, determined in accordance with Stations' plan of reorganization, *plus or minus* (B) working capital adjustments and adjustments relating to amounts incurred by Stations and its subsidiaries with

respect to the conversion of their television stations to digital broadcasting by (2) 100,000 (the number of outstanding shares of Stations' senior preferred stock at the effective time).

*Stations junior preferred stock.* Each share of Stations junior preferred stock (excluding shares held by Stations or any of the Stations subsidiaries, other than in a fiduciary capacity) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will be converted into the right to receive a cash payment equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (1) \$2,500,000 by (2) 450,000 (the number of outstanding shares of Stations junior preferred stock at the effective time).

*Stations class A common stock and class B common stock.* Each share of Stations class A common stock and class B common stock and any options or warrants to acquire such shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time will be cancelled. We will not pay any cash consideration for such securities.

#### **The Letter of Credit and the Escrow Shares**

When the merger agreement was signed, we delivered to Stations a standby letter of credit in the amount of \$12.5 million and deposited with SunTrust Bank, as escrow agent, 885,269 shares of our class B common stock. These escrow shares had an aggregate value of \$12.5 million, based on the average price of our class B common stock for the 20 consecutive trading days on the New York Stock Exchange ending on June 2, 2002. The escrow shares are being held by the escrow agent in accordance with the terms of an escrow agreement that we executed on June 4, 2002. We will maintain the letter of credit in effect, and the escrow shares will remain in escrow, until the earlier of the effective time or 10 business days after the termination of the merger agreement. If the letter of credit or any replacement letter of credit expires before either of the dates described in the previous sentence, we will renew the letter of credit or obtain a replacement letter of credit, which we will deliver to Stations at least five business days before such expiration.

If the merger is not consummated because of a material default by us, and Stations has not materially defaulted due to a breach of any of its representations or warranties or any of its covenants or agreements under the merger agreement, then Stations may draw on the letter of credit and instruct the escrow agent to deliver to it the escrow shares pursuant to the escrow agreement. We have an obligation to deliver a letter of credit and escrow shares totaling \$25 million, except that we may, in our sole discretion, replace some or all of the escrow shares with a cash payment, so long as any such cash payment is a whole number multiple of \$500,000. Under specified circumstances, if Stations is entitled to receive the escrow shares and the value of the escrow shares decreases to below \$12.5 million at the time Stations sells them, we may be required to pay to Stations the amount of such decrease. Likewise, if the value of the escrow shares increases, Stations may be required to pay to us the amount of such increase. At the effective time and subject to the conditions in the merger agreement and the escrow agreement, the letter of credit and the escrow shares will be returned to us.

#### **Registration of the Escrow Shares**

The escrow shares have not been registered under the Securities Act or any other applicable securities laws, and therefore are restricted securities. If the merger agreement is terminated and the escrow shares are delivered by the escrow agent to Stations, we are required to:

- file with the SEC a registration statement with respect to the resale or distribution of the escrow shares by Stations and/or an affiliate of Stations, within 30 days after such termination;
- use our best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective at the earliest practicable time;
- keep the registration statement effective and current until the earlier of six months following the effectiveness of the registration statement or the date that all of the escrow shares covered by the registration statement have been sold or distributed;

- cause the escrow shares to be listed promptly with the New York Stock Exchange; and
- indemnify, to the extent permitted by law, each person selling or distributing securities under the registration statement, and related parties, against all losses caused by any material misstatement or omission by us in the registration statement or any violation by us of the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, any state securities laws or any rules or regulations of the New York Stock Exchange.

### **Conditions to the Merger**

The parties' obligations to consummate the merger and related transactions generally are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

- the bankruptcy court approving the order confirming Stations' plan of reorganization and such confirmation order becoming a final bankruptcy court order;
- the FCC approving the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, without any condition or qualification materially adverse to us or our subsidiaries or Stations or its subsidiaries, or materially adverse to our acquisition of control of Stations and its subsidiaries;
- all regulatory waiting periods applicable to the merger agreement and the related transactions expiring or terminating;
- no order being in effect enjoining, restraining or prohibiting the consummation of the merger and related transactions and no action or proceeding having been instituted by any regulatory authority seeking any such order that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on us or on Stations; and
- the transactions related to the Chelsey purchase agreement being consummated, unless the failure to consummate such transactions is the result of either the wrongful refusal of Chelsey to consummate such transactions or the election by Chelsey not to consummate the transactions because Benedek failed to satisfy certain conditions set forth in the Chelsey purchase agreement. If the transactions contemplated by the Chelsey purchase agreement are not consummated as a result of FCC action or inaction, Stations and we each agree to use commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, everything reasonably necessary, proper or advisable under applicable laws to consummate and make effective the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and the Chelsey purchase agreement at the earliest practicable date.

Our obligations to consummate the merger and related transactions are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following additional conditions:

- the representations and warranties made by Stations in the merger agreement being, subject to limited exceptions, correct and complete in all material respects at the effective time;
- each and all of the agreements and covenants of Stations and each of its subsidiaries under the merger agreement and related agreements being performed and complied with in all material respects prior to the effective time;
- our receiving from Stations customary officer certificates and board of directors resolutions relating to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;
- our receiving a legal opinion of FCC counsel to Stations;
- Stations returning to us the letter of credit;
- the FCC issuing a final FCC order approving the transfer of control of Benedek's television licenses to us;

- Stations obtaining and delivering to us consents or waivers relating to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, as required by its network affiliation agreements; and
- no litigation being pending or threatened involving Stations or any its subsidiaries that would have, or reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse effect on Stations or its subsidiaries or their respective businesses or assets.

The obligations of Stations to consummate the merger and related transactions are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following additional conditions:

- the representations and warranties made by us and Gray MidAmerica Television in the merger agreement being, subject to limited exceptions, correct and complete in all material respects at the effective time;
- each of our and Gray MidAmerica Television's agreements and covenants under the merger agreement and related agreements being performed and complied with in all material respects prior to the effective time; and
- Stations receiving from us and Gray MidAmerica Television customary officer certificates and board of directors resolutions relating to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

### **Representations and Warranties**

In the merger agreement, Stations makes customary representations and warranties about itself and its business, including representations and warranties about:

- organization, good standing and corporate power;
- authorization and enforceability of the merger agreement;
- capitalization and subsidiaries;
- financial statements and tax matters; and
- absence of undisclosed liabilities or material adverse changes.

In addition, Stations makes numerous representations and warranties with respect to its assets, real property, intellectual property, computer software and databases, accounts receivable, insurance, bonds, letters of credit and guarantees, compliance with law, environmental matters, litigation and claims, benefit plans, contracts, labor matters, brokers and finders, interested transactions, officers, directors and bank accounts and the absence of any material misstatement or omission by it in the merger agreement.

We and Gray MidAmerica Television, jointly and severally, also make customary representations and warranties in the merger agreement about ourselves and our business, including representations and warranties regarding organization, good standing and corporate power, authorization and enforceability of the merger agreement, brokers and finders, litigation, and the absence of any material misstatement or omission by us and Gray MidAmerica Television. We also make representations with respect to our qualification under the Telecommunications Act of 1966 to enter into and consummate the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, our filings with the SEC and our issuance of the escrow shares.

### **Mutual Covenants of Gray and Stations**

Subject to limited exceptions and except for the sale of the excluded stations by Benedek to Chelsey, from June 4, 2002 until the closing of the merger or the termination of the merger agreement, Stations and we will, and will cause each of our respective subsidiaries, to:

- operate our respective businesses only in the usual, regular, and ordinary course;
- use commercially reasonable efforts to preserve intact our respective business organizations and assets and maintain our respective rights and franchises; and

- take no action that would materially adversely affect the ability of any party to (1) obtain any consents required for the transactions contemplated in the merger agreement, or (2) perform its covenants and agreements under the merger agreement in all material respects and to consummate the merger and to satisfy the conditions to closing set forth in the merger agreement. However, the covenant described in clause (2) above will not prohibit us or any of our subsidiaries from discontinuing or disposing of any of our assets or businesses, or, provided that we do not materially adversely affect our ability to obtain an FCC order approving the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, from acquiring or agreeing to acquire any other person or their assets if such action is, in our judgment, desirable in the conduct of our business or our subsidiaries' business.

*Additional Covenants.* The merger agreement also contains other covenants made by us and Stations, including a covenant to file all necessary FCC applications for approval of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and a covenant to use reasonable efforts to take all actions and to do all things necessary, proper or advisable to consummate the merger as promptly as practicable but not before October 1, 2002.

#### **Covenants of Stations**

The merger agreement contains numerous covenants of Stations that are customary for this type of transaction. Among other things, subject to limited exceptions, Stations and its subsidiaries will not do or agree to do any of the following without our prior written consent, which we will not withhold unreasonably:

- amend the organizational documents of Stations or of any of its subsidiaries;
- incur, guarantee or otherwise become responsible for any new debt obligation or other obligation for borrowed money (other than indebtedness of Stations or any of its subsidiaries to Stations or any of its subsidiaries) or enter into or extend any capital leases, in excess of an aggregate of \$500,000 for Stations and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis;
- acquire, sell or encumber any securities or assets of Stations or any of its subsidiaries, or declare or pay any dividend or make any other distribution in respect of any such securities;
- increase the compensation or benefits of the employees or officers of Stations or any of its subsidiaries;
- voluntarily accelerate the vesting of any stock options or other stock-based compensation or employee benefits;
- adopt any new employee benefit plan or program of Stations or any of its subsidiaries or make any material change in or to any existing employee benefit plans or programs of Stations or any of its subsidiaries;
- make any significant change in any accounting methods, principles, or practices or systems of internal accounting controls, except as may be necessary to conform to changes in regulatory accounting requirements or generally accepted accounting principles;
- settle any material litigation other than in accordance with past practice or to the extent it is covered by insurance;
- except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices, enter into or terminate any material contract or make any material change in any contract;
- fail to promptly notify us of any inquiry, investigation, or proceeding related to any of Stations' television stations that is initiated by the FCC; and
- request the bankruptcy court to take any action or to grant any approval to any action or matter that is in any way inconsistent with the merger agreement.

## **Indemnification**

For a period of six years after the effective time of the merger, we will indemnify the pre-merger directors, officers, employees and agents of Stations and its subsidiaries against all liabilities arising out of acts or omissions occurring at or prior to the effective time arising out of their service as directors, officers, employees or agents of Stations, any of its subsidiaries or, at Stations' or any of its subsidiaries' request, another entity, to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law, by Stations' or its subsidiaries' certificates of incorporation and bylaws and by any applicable indemnification agreements.

## **Termination of the Merger Agreement**

The merger agreement generally may be terminated at any time prior to the effective time by the mutual consent of Gray and Stations or by us or Stations:

- if the terminating party is not then in material breach of any of its representations or warranties or any of its covenants contained in the merger agreement, in the event of the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of the non-terminating party contained in the merger agreement which would reasonably be expected to have or result in a material adverse effect on the non-terminating party and cannot be or has not been cured within 30 days after written notice of such inaccuracy is given to the non-terminating party;
- if the terminating party is not then in material breach of any of its representations or warranties or any of its covenants contained in the merger agreement, in the event of a material breach by the non-terminating party of any covenant or agreement contained in the merger agreement that cannot be or has not been cured within 30 days after written notice of such breach is given to the non-terminating party, except that we may not cure any breach of our obligation to pay the merger consideration;
- if the merger is not consummated by March 31, 2003, in each case only if the failure to consummate the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement on or before such date is not caused by any material breach of the merger agreement by the terminating party, except that the March 31, 2003 termination date automatically will be extended by one day for each day that the closing does not occur because, subject to certain exceptions, the transactions contemplated by the Chelsey purchase agreement are not consummated; or
- if it is reasonably anticipated that any of the conditions precedent to the obligations of the terminating party to consummate the merger, other than the condition that, subject to certain exceptions, the transactions contemplated by the Chelsey purchase agreement are consummated, cannot be satisfied or fulfilled by March 31, 2003 and such failure was not the fault of the terminating party.

## **Effects of Termination**

If the merger agreement is terminated, as described above, it will become void and have no effect. However, certain provisions of the merger agreement will survive termination, including provisions relating to the letter of credit and the escrow shares, confidentiality and expenses. In addition, in the event that the merger agreement is terminated by us or by Stations in connection with any material breach of any representation or warranty or any covenant or other agreement of the other party contained in the merger agreement or because the merger is not consummated prior to the applicable termination date, the breaching party will remain liable for any uncured breach of a representation, warranty, covenant or agreement giving rise to such termination.

If the closing does not occur due to a material default by us, and Stations has not materially defaulted due to a breach of any of its representations or warranties or any of its covenants or agreements under the merger agreement, then Stations may draw on the letter of credit and instruct the escrow agent to deliver to it the escrow shares pursuant to the escrow agreement. The aggregate proceeds of the drawing on the letter of credit and the escrow shares will total \$25 million, but we may replace some or all of the

escrow shares with a cash payment so long as any such cash payment is a whole number multiple of \$500,000.

If the closing does not occur due to the non-fulfillment of any of the conditions precedent to each party's obligation to consummate the merger, and we are not in material default in the performance of any of our representations or warranties or any of our covenants or agreements under the merger agreement, Stations will not be entitled to the letter of credit or the escrow shares and, after termination of the merger agreement, the letter of credit and the escrow shares will be returned to us.

#### **Waivers**

Prior to or at the effective time, we and Stations may waive any material default in the performance of any term of the merger agreement by the other party or any of its subsidiaries, waive or extend the time for the compliance or fulfillment by the other party and its subsidiaries of any and all of their obligations under the merger agreement, and waive any or all of the conditions precedent to the obligations of the other party and its subsidiaries under the merger agreement. However, neither we nor Stations may waive any condition which, if not satisfied, would result in the material violation of any law.

#### **Fees and Expenses**

Generally, regardless of whether the merger is consummated, Stations will be responsible for all expenses and fees incurred by it and its subsidiaries in connection with the merger and we will be responsible for all expenses and costs incurred by us in connection with the merger. However, we will pay all the fees related to the filings with the FTC. Also, Stations and we will each pay one-half of the processing fees related to the filing with the FCC of applications regarding the transfer of control of Benedek's television licenses to us.

#### **Lock Up Agreements**

On June 4, 2002, in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, Stations and we entered into the lock up agreements with certain stockholders and creditors of Stations, whom we refer to as the "consenting stockholders and creditors." Under these lock up agreements, the consenting stockholders and creditors agreed to, among other things, support and vote their shares in favor of a Stations bankruptcy plan that will give effect to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. Stations has received executed lock up agreements from holders of 97.9% of the outstanding senior preferred stock, 98.8% of the outstanding junior preferred stock, 100% of the outstanding class B common stock, and 94.6% of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the senior subordinated discount notes.

In addition, consenting stockholders that hold Stations senior preferred stock have agreed to pay to us, if Stations receives certain superior proposals relating to an acquisition of Stations by a third party and such superior proposal is approved by the bankruptcy court, contemporaneously with the transaction contemplated by such superior proposal, a termination fee of \$15 million. The liability of each consenting stockholder that holds Stations senior preferred stock is limited to an amount determined by multiplying \$15 million by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of shares of senior preferred stock owned by such consenting stockholder and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Stations senior preferred stock owned by all consenting stockholders.

#### **Benedek Family Benefits Agreement**

On May 29, 2002, in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, we entered into a letter agreement with A. Richard Benedek, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Stations, Laura Benedek, Richard Benedek's wife, and Stephen D. Benedek, a Vice President of Stations and Richard Benedek's son, in which we agreed to provide to them, following consummation of the merger, certain health and welfare benefits, use of office space in New York City until no later than August 31, 2005, and severance benefits of up to \$275,000. In addition, we may be required to forgive certain indebtedness owed by Richard Benedek to Stations. Upon the closing of the merger, we will cease

the use of the name "Benedek Broadcasting," the "Benedek.com" URL and the name "Benedek Interactive Media." The right to use the "Benedek Broadcasting" name will be conveyed, at no cost, to Richard Benedek and the right to use the "Benedek.com" URL and the name "Benedek Interactive Media" will be conveyed, at no cost, to Stephen Benedek.

#### **K. James Yager Employment Agreement**

On June 4, 2002, Benedek and K. James Yager, Benedek's President and Chief Operating Officer, entered into a second amendment to K. James Yager's employment agreement, which will become effective only upon consummation of the merger. In addition, we entered into a letter agreement with K. James Yager relating to this amendment.

K. James Yager's employment agreement is for a term of four years commencing on January 1, 2001 and ending on December 31, 2004, the "expiration date." K. James Yager's base salary is \$630,000 for 2001 and \$680,000 for 2002 and thereafter increases to a per annum rate not less than 105% of his base salary during the preceding year. K. James Yager is eligible to receive a bonus in respect of each fiscal year during the term of the agreement in such amount as Benedek may determine. The agreement also entitles K. James Yager to specified fringe benefits and to participation in employee benefit plans generally available to Benedek's executives. In addition, Benedek has agreed to pay to K. James Yager the amount necessary, on an after-tax basis, to discharge all amounts, including accrued interest, owed by him to Benedek under his \$555,000 promissory note.

If Benedek terminates K. James Yager's employment without cause, or if K. James Yager terminates his employment by reason of a "constructive discharge," which includes the assignment to K. James Yager of duties or reporting responsibilities inconsistent in any material respect with his status, title, position or duties or any breach by Benedek of his employment agreement, K. James Yager will be entitled to receive his base salary, and to participate, at no cost to him, in all employee benefits, through the expiration date and his non-competition obligations will be terminated. In our letter agreement with K. James Yager, we agreed that our failure to employ him as President and Chief Operating Officer of our broadcast division or subsidiary within 12 months after the consummation of the merger would constitute a constructive discharge, entitling him to the above benefits.

Our letter agreement with K. James Yager also provides that, after consummation of the merger, we will grant to him nonqualified options to purchase shares of our class B common stock pursuant to the terms of our long term incentive plan. The number of shares subject to the option award will be determined by our board of directors, and the exercise price of the option shares will be the market price of our class B common stock at the time the award is granted. The options will vest ratably over the term of K. James Yager's employment agreement, with vesting to be accelerated in the event of a constructive discharge.

#### **Bull Run Advisory Fee**

For advisory services rendered by Bull Run in connection with the merger, we paid to Bull Run an advisory fee of \$5,000,000 on June 10, 2002. This advisory fee must be repaid to us if the merger is not completed.

## INFORMATION REGARDING GRAY

### Operating & Growth Strategy

We attribute our success to date and our current opportunities to increase our revenue, media cash flow and audience share to the successful implementation of our core operating strategies, the principal components of which are to:

- **Focus on Local News and Programming to Maintain a Strong Local Franchise.** We operate, or will operate after completion of the merger with Stations, 28 network affiliated television stations serving 23 markets, with 24 of our 28 stations ranked first or second in local news. We endeavor to make each of our television stations a highly recognizable, local brand through the depth, quality and focus of its local news, programming and community involvement. We believe that providing the leading source for local news and programming in our markets enables us to strengthen audience loyalty and increase viewership among attractive demographic audiences. As a result, we believe that the strength of our local franchises enables us to maximize advertising revenues from local, regional and national accounts. We believe that our commitment to local news, programming and community involvement is essential to our ability to serve each of the communities in which we operate and provides us with a strong competitive advantage.
- **Continue to Develop Innovative Local Sales and Targeted Marketing Initiatives.** We employ an experienced, high-quality local sales force at each station to increase advertising revenue by leveraging our local brand. In 2001, pro forma for the proposed merger with Stations, approximately 60% of our net television advertising revenue was generated from our local advertisers. Additionally, our net revenue from local television advertisers represented approximately 67% of the combined total of our local and national net advertising revenues. Our goal is to develop customized advertising campaigns for our customers, which directly target their desired audience and address their long-term advertising objectives. We believe that a focused, tailored advertising solution is very attractive to local advertisers, who have historically been a more stable source of revenue than national advertisers. In addition to focusing on expanding our relationships with existing advertisers, we seek to identify and create new relationships with local, regional and national customers in our markets. Each station's sales personnel are trained to understand local advertisers' needs and are required to meet performance standards with respect to client activity, including new customer identification.
- **Capitalize on Leading Network Brands in Markets with Limited Competition.** We have, or will have after completion of the merger with Stations, a broad and diverse portfolio of 28 affiliated television stations located in 23 markets, of which 15 are affiliated with CBS, seven are affiliated with NBC and six are affiliated with ABC affiliates, representing approximately 56%, 29%, and 15% of our total pro forma net television revenue in 2001, respectively. Additionally, we will be the largest independent owner of CBS affiliated television stations. Our network affiliations provide our television stations with top-rated programming, which complements and enhances our leading local brand. We believe that our markets are less competitive than larger designated market areas, "DMAs." Of our 24 markets (including Hazard, Kentucky as a separate market), 16 markets are served by four TV stations or fewer, and seven markets are served by three or fewer television stations. Our markets also typically have fewer radio stations than larger DMAs.
- **Pursue Strategic Acquisitions to Expand and Enhance Our Regional Clusters.** We have acquired and integrated successfully 12 of our 13 television stations since 1993, and have signed a definitive

agreement to acquire an additional 15 television stations from Stations. After giving effect to the proposed merger, our television stations are located in several distinct regions throughout the United States, with significant presence in the Southeast, Midwest, Texas and Great Lakes region, diminishing any potential adverse effect on our business caused by specific regional economic fluctuations. We believe that we are well positioned to participate in further consolidation of our industry, including opportunities that may arise as a result of future regulatory changes. For example, a number of the FCC's most restrictive ownership regulations, including newspaper-television cross ownership and television duopoly rules, are currently under review and could be relaxed in the future, providing us with further attractive growth opportunities. In pursuing future acquisitions, we intend to focus on network affiliated television stations in medium-sized markets that offer superior growth. Specifically, we pursue television stations proximate to our existing clusters, as evidenced by the proposed merger with Stations in which five of the 15 television stations we intend to acquire are adjacent to markets in which we currently own and operate television stations. Additionally, we focus on acquiring television stations where we can successfully implement our operating strategies to establish leading local news, increase revenue and audience share, develop relevant regional content and reduce costs.

- **Attract and Retain High-Quality Management.** We believe that high-quality management at both the corporate and station level is critical to the successful implementation of our strategy. We use equity incentives to attract and retain station general managers with proven track records. Members of our senior management team have extensive experience in operating, managing and acquiring television stations, and include: J. Mack Robinson, President and Chief Executive Officer; Robert Prather, Executive Vice President - Acquisitions; James Ryan, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; and after the proposed merger, K. James Yager, currently the President of Benedek.
- **Maintain Strict Financial Planning and Cost Controls.** We employ a comprehensive ongoing strategic planning and budgeting process that enables us to continually identify and implement cost savings at each station, and is designed to increase our media cash flow. Owning and operating 28 television stations will enable us to achieve economies of scale and reduce expenses for syndicated programming, capital equipment and vendor services. Furthermore, we believe that the synergies generated through geographic clustering, further enhanced by the Stations acquisition and the realization of technological and automation efficiencies, will enable us to achieve additional cost savings in the near future.
- **Increase Advertising Revenue and Circulation at Our Newspaper Publishing Operations.** We seek to increase advertising revenues and circulation at each of our four newspapers by creating a highly recognizable local brand by focusing on the depth and quality of our coverage of local news, sports and lifestyles and through community involvement. We are able to differentiate our publications from larger competitors and build reader loyalty by becoming the primary source for local news and advertising information within each of our target markets. We also sponsor community events with the objective of strengthening our community relationships. We employ an experienced local sales force to increase advertising revenue by leveraging our local brand. Through our ongoing strategic planning and budgeting process, we continually identify and implement cost savings at each newspaper to increase our media cash flow. In 2001, publishing represented approximately 16% of our total pro forma net revenue. Our publishing management team has extensive experience in operating, managing and acquiring newspapers and is led by Thomas J. Stultz, Vice President and President of Publishing, who has 32 years of publishing industry experience.

**SELECTED STATION AND MARKET INFORMATION REGARDING GRAY AND STATIONS**

**Gray Television Stations Pro Forma Following the Merger**

The following is a list of all our stations pro forma following the merger. In markets where we have satellite stations and stations that serve distant communities, the figures have been combined.

DMA Rank(a)	Market	Station	Analog Channel	Network Affiliation		FCC License Renewal Date	Station Rank in DMA(b)	Station News Rank In DMA(c)	Commercial Stations in DMA(d)	In Market Share of Household Viewing(b)	Television Households(a) (in thousands)
				Network	Expiration						
* 62	Knoxville, TN	WVLT	8	CBS	12/31/04	8/1/05	2 (tied)	3	5	22%	478
65	Wichita- Hutchinson, KS (Colby, KS) (Garden City, KS)	KAKE KLBY(e) KUPK(e)	10 4 13	ABC	1/1/06	6/1/06	3	3	4	21%	453
* 66	Lexington, KY	WKYT	27	CBS	12/31/04	8/1/05	1	1	5	35%	436
* Note (f)	Hazard, KY	WYMT	57	CBS	12/31/04	8/1/05	1	1		39%	169
75	Omaha, NE	WOWT	6	NBC	1/1/12	6/1/06	1	1	5	36%	386
85	Madison, WI	WMTV	15	NBC	1/1/12	12/1/05	2	2	4	30%	339
91	Colorado Springs, CO	KKTV	10	CBS	6/30/05	4/1/06	1	1	5	33%	306
* 94	Waco-Temple- Bryan, TX (Bryan, TX)	KWTX KBTX(g)	10 3	CBS	12/31/05	8/1/06	1	1	6	42%	299
* 102	Lincoln-Hastings- Kearney, NE (Grand Island, NE)	KOLN KGIN(h)	10 11	CBS	12/31/05	6/1/06	1	1	5	54%	269
* 106	Washington, NC	WITN	7	NBC	12/31/11	12/1/04	2	2	4	30%	251
* 111	Lansing, MI Tallahassee, FL- Thomasville, GA	WILX WCTV	10 6	NBC CBS	1/1/12 12/31/04	10/1/05 4/1/05	1 1	1 1	4 5	39% 57%	238 237
* 114	Augusta, GA	WRDW	12	CBS	3/31/05	4/1/05	1	1	4	35%	234
* 127	La Crosse- Eau Claire, WI	WEAU	13	NBC	12/31/11	12/1/05	1	1	4	39%	198
132	Rockford, IL	WIFR	23	CBS	6/30/05	12/1/05	2	1	4	32%	176
137	Wausau- Rhinelander, WI	WSAW	7	CBS	6/30/05	12/1/05	1	2	4	42%	169
138	Topeka, KS	WIBW	13	CBS	6/30/05	6/1/06	1	1	4	49%	166
* 159	Panama City, FL	WJHG	7	NBC	12/31/11	2/1/05	1	1	3	50%	121
* 160	Sherman, TX- Ada, OK	KXII	12	CBS	12/31/05	8/1/06	1	1	2	74%	119
172	Dothan, AL	WTVY	4	CBS	6/30/05	4/1/05	1	1	3	69%	95
178	Harrisonburg, VA	WHSV	3	ABC	11/1/04	10/1/04	1	1	1	97%	84
181	Bowling Green, KY	WBKO	13	ABC	11/1/04	8/1/05	1	1	2	83%	81
185	Meridian, MS	WTOK	11	ABC	11/1/04	6/1/05	1	1	3	66%	70
186	Parkersburg, WV	WTAP	15	NBC	1/1/12	10/1/05	1	1	1	96%	63

5,437

(Approximately 5% of all US television households)

\* Denotes a television station currently owned by Gray.

(a) Based on data published by Nielsen.

(b) Based on Nielsen data for the May 2002 rating period, Sunday to Saturday, 6 am – 2 am.

(c) Based on our review of the Nielsen data for the May 2002 rating period during various news hours.

(d) Based on stations that BIA has reported at one share or more in three of the four most recent rating periods.

(e) KLBY and KUPK are satellite stations of KAKE under FCC rules.

(f) Special 16 county trading area defined by Nielsen and is part of the Lexington, KY DMA.

(g) KBTX is a satellite station of KWTX under FCC rules.

(h) KGIN is a satellite station of KOLN under FCC rules.

## Our Markets

Below is a brief description of the market for each of our stations. All statements as to station ranking in this report are based on Nielsen data for the 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. Sunday through Saturday time period, except that data in the tables titled "Competitive Landscape," is based on BIA data for the 9:00 a.m. to midnight Sunday through Saturday time period. The news ranking information is based on our management's review of the Nielsen Station Index, Viewers in Profile, dated May 2002. As NBC affiliate stations broadcasted the Olympic games during February 2002, their ratings for this period reflect a higher than normal viewership. "CAGR" refers to compound annual growth rate and "EBI" refers to effective buying income. EBI statistics reflect data for 2000 and 2005. In the "Competitive Landscape" tables below, we have included only stations that BIA has reported at one share or more in three of the four most recent rating periods.

### Knoxville, Tennessee

WVLT, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in September 1996 and began operations in 1988. It is the second ranked station, with the third ranked news program, in the Knoxville, Tennessee market. The Knoxville area is a center for education, manufacturing, healthcare and tourism. The University of Tennessee's main campus with approximately 26,000 students is located within the city of Knoxville. Leading manufacturing employers in the area include: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc., DeRoyal Industries, Aluminum Company of North America, Phillips Consumer Electronics North America Corp., Clayton Homes and Sea Ray Boats, Inc.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
(In Thousands)			
DMA Population	1,208	1,277	1.12%
Retail Sales	\$17,255	\$22,109	5.08
EBI	19,317	25,203	5.46
Gross Market Revenue	68,700	77,600	2.47
Average Household Income	40.3	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WBIR-TV	NBC	VHF	Gannett Company, Inc.	18	23	19	17
<b>WVLT-TV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>11</b>
WATE-TV	ABC	VHF	Young Broadcasting Inc.	11	8	10	11
WTNZ	FOX	UHF	Raycom Media, Inc.	3	4	4	2
WBXX-TV	WB	UHF	Acme Communications, Inc.	3	3	3	3

### Lexington and Hazard, Kentucky

WKYT, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in September 1994 and began operations in 1957. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Lexington, Kentucky market. The Lexington area is a regional hub for shopping, business, healthcare, education, and cultural activities. Major employers in the Lexington area include Toyota Motor Corp., Lexmark International, Inc., ALLTEL Corporation, Square D Company, Ashland, Inc., the University of Kentucky and International Business Machines Corporation. Eight hospitals are located in Lexington, reinforcing Lexington's position as a regional medical center. The University of Kentucky's main campus with approximately 25,000 students is located in Lexington. Frankfort, the capital of Kentucky is located within WKYT's service area. WYMT, WKYT's sister station is located in the Lexington DMA. In addition, the Lexington market is adjacent to the Bowling Green, Kentucky market where we intend to acquire WBKO in the merger.

WYMT, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in September 1994 and began operations in 1985. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Hazard, Kentucky market, a special 16 county trading area defined by Nielsen. The mountain region of eastern and southeastern Kentucky where Hazard is located is on the outer edges of four separate markets: Bristol-Kingsport-Johnson City, Charleston-Huntington, Knoxville and Lexington. Prior to the start of WYMT's operations in 1985, mountain residents relied primarily on satellite dishes and cable television carrying distant signals for their television entertainment and news. WYMT is the only commercial television station in this 16-county trading area and we generally consider it to be a distinct television market even though WYMT is technically included in the Lexington market. WYMT is the sister station of WKYT and shares many resources and simulcasts some local programming with WKYT. The trading area's economy is primarily centered around coal and related industries, such as natural gas and oil.

#### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	1,153	1,210	0.97%
Retail Sales	\$13,381	\$15,738	3.30
EBI	17,241	22,236	5.22
Gross Market Revenue	55,300	67,600	4.10
Average Household Income	39.2	NA	

#### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WKYT-TV	CBS	UHF	Gray Communications Systems, Inc.	16	17	16	15
WLEX-TV	NBC	UHF	Evening Post Publishing Company	12	15	10	9
WTVQ-TV	ABC	UHF	Media General Broadcast Group	8	7	8	9
WDKY-TV	FOX	UHF	Sinclair Broadcast Group, Inc.	4	5	5	4
WYMT-TV	CBS	UHF	Gray Communications Systems, Inc.	2	2	3	2

#### Waco-Temple-Bryan, Texas

KWTX and KBTX, both CBS affiliates, were acquired by us in October 1999 and began operations in 1955 and 1957, respectively. They collectively are ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Waco-Temple-Bryan, Texas market. KBTX is a "satellite" station under FCC rules and is used to enhance our ability to effectively serve the entire market. Waco, Temple, Killeen, Bryan and College Station are the primary economic centers of the region. College Station, Texas is the home of Texas A&M University with approximately 45,000 students and Baylor University is located in Waco, Texas with approximately 13,000 students. The Waco-Temple-Bryan economy centers on education, medical services and U.S. military installations. Leading employers in the area include: Texas A&M University, Raytheon, Baylor University, St. Joseph's Regional Medical Center, Killeen ISD, Scott and White Hospital and the U.S. Army base at Fort Hood, Texas.

#### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	843	869	0.61%
Retail Sales	\$ 9,433	\$11,698	4.40
EBI	11,824	14,508	4.18
Gross Market Revenue	29,500	36,400	4.29
Average Household Income	39.2	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>KWTX-TV &amp; KBTX-TV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>17</b>
KCEN-TV	NBC	VHF	Channel 6, Inc.	12	17	11	9
KWKT & KYLE	FOX	UHF	Communications Corp of America	7	7	8	6
KXXV & KRHD-LP	ABC,						
	WB	UHF	Drewry Communications Group	7	6	9	7
KAKW	UNI	UHF	Univision Communications, Inc.	—	2	3	3

### Lincoln-Hastings-Kearney, Nebraska

KOLN and KGIN, both CBS affiliates, were acquired by us in July 1998 and began operations in 1953 and 1961, respectively. They are ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Lincoln-Hastings-Kearney, Nebraska market. KGIN is a “satellite” station under FCC rules and is used to enhance our ability to serve the entire market effectively. The city of Lincoln is the primary economic center of the region, the capital of Nebraska and home to the University of Nebraska with approximately 23,000 students. The Lincoln-Hastings-Kearney economy centers around state government, education, medical services and agriculture. Leading employers in the area include: the State of Nebraska, the University of Nebraska, Gallup Inc., the Lincoln Public School System and several area hospitals. The Lincoln market is adjacent to the Omaha, Nebraska market where we intend to acquire WOWT in the merger.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	684	696	0.35%
Retail Sales	\$ 7,766	\$ 8,680	2.25
EBI	12,081	15,140	4.62
Gross Market Revenue	21,200	25,900	4.09
Average Household Income	44.6	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>KOLN &amp; KGIN</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>
KHGI-TV	ABC	VHF	Pappas Telecasting Companies	6	6	9	7
KLKN & KLKE	ABC	VHF	Citadel Communications Company, Ltd.	4	4	6	4
KHAS-TV	NBC	VHF	Greater Nebraska Television, Inc.	4	6	4	3
KTVG	FOX	UHF	Hill Broadcasting Company, Inc.	2	3	3	2

### Greenville-New Bern-Washington, North Carolina

WITN, an NBC affiliate, was acquired by us in August 1997 and began operations in 1955. Based on the February and May 2002 ratings, WITN is currently tied for the first position in total viewers and in news programming in the Greenville-New Bern-Washington, North Carolina market. Greenville, North Carolina is the primary economic center of the region and home to East Carolina University with approximately 19,000 students. The Greenville-New Bern-Washington economy centers around education, manufacturing and agriculture. Leading employers in the area include: Pitt County Memorial Hospital, NADEP (Naval Rework Facility), East Carolina University, Catalytica Pharmaceuticals, Inc., PCS Phosphate, Rubber Maid Cleaning Products, Inc. and Weyerhaeuser Co.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	705	731	0.73%
Retail Sales	\$ 7,271	\$ 8,116	2.22
EBI	10,060	12,647	4.68
Gross Market Revenue	29,200	36,400	4.51
Average Household Income	40.0	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WNCT-TV	CBS	VHF	Media General Broadcast Group	20	17	17	18
<b>WITN-TV</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12</b>
WCTI	ABC	VHF	Lamco Communications Incorporated	9	9	10	9
WFXI & WYDO	FOX	VHF	GOCOM Holdings LLC	5	5	6	4

### Tallahassee, Florida - Thomasville, Georgia

WCTV, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in September 1996 and began operations in 1955. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Tallahassee, Florida - Thomasville, Georgia market. The Tallahassee-Thomasville economy centers around state and local government as well as state and local universities which include Florida State University with approximately 33,000 students, Florida A&M University with approximately 12,000 students, Tallahassee Community College, Thomas College and Valdosta State University. Florida State University and Florida A&M University each have their main campus located within the city of Tallahassee.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	649	678	0.88%
Retail Sales	\$ 7,217	\$ 8,880	4.23
EBI	9,439	11,780	4.53
Gross Market Revenue	23,900	30,500	5.00
Average Household Income	39.4	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WCTV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>
WTWC-TV	NBC	UHF	Sinclair Broadcast Group, Inc.	6	8	5	5
WTVL-TV	ABC	UHF	Media Venture Management, Inc.	5	5	7	5
WTLH	FOX	UHF	Pegasus Communications Corporation	4	5	6	3

### Augusta, Georgia

WRDW, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in January 1997 and began operations in 1954. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Augusta, Georgia market. The Augusta, Georgia area is one of Georgia's major metropolitan/regional centers, with a particular emphasis on health services, manufacturing and the military. The federal government employs military and civilian personnel at the Department of Energy's Savannah River Site, a nuclear processing plant, and Fort Gordon, a U.S. Army military installation. Augusta has eight large hospitals, which collectively employ approximately

20,000 and reinforce Augusta's status as a regional healthcare center. Augusta is also home to the Masters Golf Tournament, which has been broadcast by CBS for 46 years.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	644	661	0.52%
Retail Sales	\$ 6,736	\$ 7,902	3.24
EBI	8,668	10,153	3.21
Gross Market Revenue	30,000	36,200	3.83
Average Household Income	36.8	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WRDW-TV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>16</b>
WJBF	ABC	VHF	Media General Broadcast Group	14	13	15	16
WAGT	NBC	UHF	Schurz Communications, Inc.	11	13	9	6
WFXG	FOX	UHF	Fisher Broadcasting Company	8	7	9	8

### La Crosse-Eau Claire, Wisconsin

WEAU, an NBC affiliate, was acquired by us in July 1998 and began operations in 1953. It is the first ranked station in total viewers and in news programming in the La Crosse-Eau Claire, Wisconsin market. The La Crosse and Eau Claire economy centers around medical services, agriculture, education and retail business. The University of Wisconsin maintains an 11,000-student campus in Eau Claire. Leading employers include Menard, Inc., the University of Wisconsin at Eau Claire and several area hospitals. The La Crosse-Eau Claire market is adjacent to both the Madison, Wisconsin market where we intend to acquire WMTV in the merger and the Wausau-Rhineland, Wisconsin market where we intend to acquire WSAW in the merger.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	530	541	0.41%
Retail Sales	\$ 7,160	\$ 8,793	4.19
EBI	7,779	9,415	3.89
Gross Market Revenue	22,800	30,200	5.78
Average Household Income	39.1	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WEAU-TV</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>
WKBT	CBS	VHF	Morgan Murphy Stations	15	12	14	13
WXOW-TV & WQOW-TV	ABC	UHF	Quincy Newspapers, Inc.	10	10	12	12
WLAX & WEUX	FOX	UHF	Grant Media, Inc.	6	9	11	5

### Panama City, Florida

WJHG, an NBC affiliate, was acquired by us in 1960 and began operations in 1953. It is the first ranked station in total viewers and in news programming in the Panama City, Florida market. It has a

secondary affiliation agreement with United Paramount Network, "UPN". The Panama City economy centers around tourism, military bases, manufacturing, education and financial services. Panama City is the county seat and principal city of Bay County. Leading employers in the area include: Tyndall Air Force Base, the U.S. Navy Coastal Systems Station, Sallie Mae Servicing Corp., Stone Container Corporation, Arizona Chemical Corporation and Gulf Coast Community College. The Panama City market is adjacent to the Dothan, Alabama market where we intend to acquire WTVY, a CBS affiliate, in the merger.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	324	346	1.32%
Retail Sales	\$ 3,508	\$ 4,265	3.99
EBI	4,525	5,792	5.06
Gross Market Revenue	12,300	14,900	3.91
Average Household Income	37.4	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WJHG-TV</b>	<b>NBC, UPN</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>14</b>
WMBB	ABC	VHF	Media General Broadcast Group	12	10	14	12
WPGX	FOX	UHF	Waitt Broadcasting, Inc.	4	4	5	4

### Sherman, Texas-Ada, Oklahoma

KXII, a CBS affiliate, was acquired by us in October 1999 and began operations in 1956. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Sherman, Texas-Ada, Oklahoma market. The Sherman, Texas-Ada, Oklahoma economy centers around medical services, manufacturing and distribution services. Leading employers include Michelin, MEMC Southwest, Globitech, Raytheon, CIGNA, Johnson & Johnson and Texas Instruments.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	310	322	0.76%
Retail Sales	\$3,815	\$4,806	4.73
EBI	4,265	5,383	4.77
Gross Market Revenue	7,700	9,200	3.62
Average Household Income	35.4	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>KXII</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Gray Communications Systems, Inc.</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>17</b>
KTEN	NBC	VHF	Lockwood Broadcasting, Inc.	7	8	8	5

## Stations' Markets

Below is a brief description of the market for each of the stations that we intend to acquire in the merger. All statements as to station ranking in this report are based on Nielsen data for the 6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. Sunday through Saturday time period, except that data in the tables titled "Competitive Landscape" is based on BIA data for the 9:00 a.m. to midnight Sunday through Saturday time period. The news ranking information is based on our management's review of the Nielsen Station Index, Viewers in Profile, dated May 2002. As NBC affiliate stations broadcasted the Olympic games, during February 2002, their ratings for this period reflect a higher-than-normal viewership. "CAGR" refers to compound annual growth rate and "EBI" refers to effective buying income. EBI statistics reflect data for 2000 and 2005. In the "Competitive Landscape" tables below, we have included only stations that BIA has reported at one share or more in three of the four most recent rating periods.

### Wichita — Hutchinson, Kansas

KAKE, KLBY and KUPK, all ABC affiliates, began operations in 1953. They collectively are ranked third in total viewers and in news programming in the Wichita-Hutchinson, Kansas market. KLBY and KUPK are "satellite" stations under FCC rules and are used to enhance Stations' ability to effectively serve the entire market. The area is well known for its involvement in the aviation industry, with the top three companies in the region, Boeing Company, Cessna Aircraft Company and Raytheon Aircraft Company representing that industry. The Wichita area also serves as a regional banking and medical center, as well as home to the McConnell Air Force Base. Other leading employers in the region are Wichita Public Schools and the State of Kansas. Wichita is also the home to Wichita State University, which has an enrollment of 14,000 students.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	1,175	1,212	0.62%
Retail Sales	\$15,293	\$18,877	4.30
EBI	19,659	23,850	3.94
Gross Market Revenue	57,200	71,200	4.48
Average Household Income	43.0	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
KWCH-TV, KBSD-TV, KBSH-TV & KBSL-TV	CBS	VHF	Media General Broadcast Group	18	15	18	17
KSNW, KSNC, KSNG & KSNK	NBC	VHF	Emmis Communications Corp.	16	22	15	14
<b>KAKE-TV, KLBY &amp; KUPK-TV</b>	ABC	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>
KSAS-TV, KAAS-TV & KBDK	FOX	UHF	Clear Channel Television, Inc.	4	6	6	4
KSCC	UPN	UHF	Mercury Broadcasting Company, Inc.	2	2	2	2
KWCV	WB	UHF	Banks Broadcasting, Inc.	2	2	2	—

### Omaha, Nebraska

WOWT, an NBC affiliate, began operations in 1949. It is ranked first in total viewers and second in news programming in the Omaha, Nebraska market. The Omaha DMA is home to five Fortune 100 companies, the U.S. Strategic Command Headquarters at Offutt Air Force Base, the University of Nebraska Medical Center and Creighton Medical Center. The University of Nebraska-Omaha has an enrollment of nearly 14,000, and Creighton University has an enrollment of 6,300. Major employers in the area include: the United States military, Union Pacific Railroad, ConAgra, Omaha Public Schools and

First Data Resources. The Omaha market is adjacent to the Lincoln, Nebraska market where we own and operate television stations KOLN and KGIN.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	1,008	1,048	0.78%
Retail Sales	\$13,687	\$16,275	3.52
EBI	20,452	27,141	5.82
Gross Market Revenue	62,100	72,200	3.06
Average Household Income	52.9	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WOWT</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>
KETV	ABC	VHF	Hearst-Argyle Television, Inc.	14	12	17	16
KMTV	CBS	VHF	Emmis Communications Corp.	14	10	15	12
KPTM	FOX	UHF	Pappas Telecasting Companies	7	9	9	7
KXVO	WB	UHF	Mitts Telecasting Company	3	3	3	4

### Madison, Wisconsin

WMTV, an NBC affiliate, began operations in 1953. It is the first ranked station, with the second ranked news program, in the Madison, Wisconsin market. The Madison area hosts the international headquarters for American Family Insurance, Oscar Meyer, Ray-O-Vac and Lands End. In addition to being the state capital, the University of Wisconsin has a major campus in Madison and has an enrollment of over 41,000 students. Major employers in the area are: University of Wisconsin Hospital and Clinics, General Motors Corporation, American Family Insurance, Meritor Health and Wisconsin Physicians Insurance Corporation. The Madison market is adjacent to the Wausau-Rhineland market and La Crosse-Eau Claire, Wisconsin market where we own and operate television station WEAU.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	874	920	1.03%
Retail Sales	\$15,394	\$19,812	5.18
EBI	16,101	20,418	4.87
Gross Market Revenue	47,200	57,700	4.10
Average Household Income	47.3	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WISC-TV	CBS	VHF	Morgan Murphy Stations	18	14	16	16
<b>WMTV</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>UHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>
WKOW	ABC	UHF	Quincy Newspapers, Inc.	10	8	11	11
WMSN-TV	FOX	UHF	Sinclair Broadcast Group, Inc.	7	7	12	5

## Colorado Springs, Colorado

KKTV, a CBS affiliate, began operations in 1952. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Colorado Springs, Colorado market. The Colorado Springs market is home to five major military installations: the Air Force Academy, Peterson Air Force Base, Fort Carson Army Base, Cheyenne Mountain Complex (NORAD), and Shriever Air Force Base. Major employers in the area in addition to the United States military include: The City of Colorado Springs, WorldCom, Inc., Intel Corporation and various non-profit organizations.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	799	870	1.72%
Retail Sales	\$10,439	\$13,172	4.76
EBI	12,591	16,149	5.10
Gross Market Revenue	42,300	49,700	3.28
Average Household Income	41.3	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>KKTV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>
KOAA-TV	NBC	VHF	Evening Post Publishing Company	13	21	10	12
KRDO-TV	ABC	VHF	Pikes Peak Broadcasting Company, Inc.	11	11	12	11
KXRM	FOX	UHF	Raycom Media, Inc.	7	8	9	6
KXTU-LP	UPN	UHF	Raycom Media, Inc.	2	2	2	3

## Lansing, Michigan

WILX, an NBC affiliate, began operations in 1957. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Lansing, Michigan market. Lansing, the state capital, derives much of its economic base from state agencies, the automotive sector, and the Michigan State University which has over 43,000 students. Some of the top employers in the region include: the State of Michigan, Michigan State University, General Motors Corporation, Sparrow Health Systems and Meijer Grocery Stores.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	655	669	0.42%
Retail Sales	\$ 7,561	\$ 8,408	2.15
EBI	10,823	12,728	3.30
Gross Market Revenue	31,900	39,700	4.47
Average Household Income	45.1	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WLNS	CBS	VHF	Young Broadcasting Inc.	17	14	16	15
<b>WILX-TV</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>
WSYM-TV	FOX	UHF	Journal Broadcast Group, Inc.	5	6	9	5
WLAJ	ABC	UHF	Freedom Communications, Inc.	5	4	8	6

## Rockford, Illinois

WIFR, a CBS affiliate, began operations in 1965. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Rockford, Illinois market. Currently, Rockford's economy is based on the fastener business, as well as the manufacturing of machine parts and aerospace parts. Rockford is emerging as a growing regional education center, having the well respected, small liberal arts school Rockford College in its vicinity. Major employers in the region include: United Parcel Service, Rockford School District, Rockford Health Systems, DaimlerChrysler Corporation, Swedish American Health Systems and Hamilton Sundstrand Corporation.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	460	472	0.52%
Retail Sales	\$ 5,341	\$ 5,965	2.23
EBI	8,178	9,590	3.24
Gross Market Revenue	26,600	33,100	4.47
Average Household Income	46.3	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WREX-TV	NBC	VHF	Quincy Newspapers, Inc.	16	23	16	13
<b>WIFR</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>UHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>
WTVO	ABC	UHF	Young Broadcasting Inc.	10	9	11	10
WQRF-TV	FOX	UHF	Quorum Broadcasting Company	8	8	10	7

## Wausau-Rhineland, Wisconsin

WSAW, a CBS affiliate, began operations in 1954. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Wausau-Rhineland, Wisconsin market. In addition to being a regional medical center, Wausau and the surrounding communities are known as a major capital of paper products and insurance. The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point has over 10,000 students and is located in the DMA. Major employers in the region include: Wausau Insurance, Marshfield Clinics, Wausau Hospital, Wausau-Mosinee Paper Corporation and the City of Wausau. The Wausau-Rhineland market is adjacent to the Madison, Wisconsin market and the La Crosse-Eau Claire, Wisconsin market where we own and operate television station WEAU.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	444	456	0.53%
Retail Sales	\$ 6,323	\$ 7,707	4.04
EBI	6,984	8,558	4.15
Gross Market Revenue	18,100	22,000	3.98
Average Household Income	41.4	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WSAW-TV</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>
WAOW-TV & WYOW	ABC	VHF	Quincy Newspapers, Inc.	15	16	17	14
WJFW-TV	NBC	VHF	Rockfleet Broadcasting, Inc.	8	13	8	7
WFXS	FOX	UHF	Davis Television, LLC	4	5	9	3

### Topeka, Kansas

WIBW, a CBS affiliate, began operations in 1953. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Topeka, Kansas market. The Topeka DMA has an agricultural base which is augmented by production and manufacturing. In addition to being the state capital, Topeka is home to Forbes Air Force Base, Kansas State University with an enrollment of 22,400 and Washburn University with an enrollment of 6,300 students. Major employers in the area include: Goodyear Tire and Rubber Corporation, Payless ShoeSource, Blue Cross Blue Shield of Kansas and Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	443	442	(0.05)%
Retail Sales	\$ 5,537	\$ 6,723	3.96
EBI	6,708	7,631	2.61
Gross Market Revenue	16,200	19,900	4.20
Average Household Income	39.8	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WIBW</b>	<b>CBS</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>
KSNT	NBC	UHF	Emmis Communications Corp.	14	20	12	12
KTKA-TV	ABC	UHF	Brechner Management Company	5	5	8	7
KTMJ-CA	FOX, UPN	VHF	Montgomery Communications, Inc.	2	3	3	2

### Dothan, Alabama

WTVY, a CBS affiliate, began operations in 1954. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Dothan, Alabama market. Dothan serves as the regional economic, retail, and medical center. It houses Ft. Rucker Army Base, the Southeast Alabama Medical Center, and serves as an important agricultural center. Major employers in the area include: Southeast Alabama Medical Center, Collins Signs, Dothan and Houston Counties School System, Perdue Farms, Inc. and Flowers Hospital. The Dothan market is adjacent to the Panama City, Florida market where we own and operate WJHG.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	246	249	0.24%
Retail Sales	\$ 2,963	\$ 3,288	2.10
EBI	3,481	4,187	3.76
Gross Market Revenue	11,900	14,500	4.03
Average Household Income	36.6	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WTVY	CBS	VHF	Stations Holding Company, Inc.	22	21	23	22
WDHN	ABC	UHF	Morris Multimedia, Inc.	6	6	7	6
WDFX-TV	FOX	UHF	Waitt Broadcasting, Inc.	4	6	5	3

### Harrisonburg, Virginia

WHSV, an ABC affiliate, began operations in 1953. It is the only commercial television station broadcasting in the Harrisonburg, Virginia market and is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming. The Harrisonburg market derives much of its economic base from poultry products, book manufacturing and the pharmaceutical industry. James Madison University, with an enrollment of over 16,000, is located in the DMA. Major employers in the area include: James Madison University, Pilgrims Pride, Cargill, Rockingham Memorial Hospital and R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	228	236	0.69%
Retail Sales	\$2,953	\$ 3,512	3.53
EBI	3,493	4,174	3.63
Gross Market Revenue	9,800	11,800	3.78
Average Household Income	40.7	NA	

## Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
WHSV-TV	ABC	VHF	Stations Holding Company, Inc.	16	15	18	18

### Bowling Green, Kentucky

WBKO, an ABC affiliate, began operations in 1962. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Bowling Green, Kentucky market. Bowling Green is located approximately 65 miles outside of Nashville, Tennessee and benefits from its proximity to this major city. Bowling Green is home to Western Kentucky University which has an enrollment of almost 15,000 students. Some of the major employers in the region include: Commonwealth Health Corp., Warren County Board of Education, Western Kentucky University, General Motors Corvette Plant and DESA International. The Bowling Green market is adjacent to the Lexington, Kentucky market where we own and operate WKYT and WYMT.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	209	220	1.03%
Retail Sales	\$2,475	\$2,865	2.97
EBI	3,039	4,006	5.68
Gross Market Revenue	7,500	8,800	3.25
Average Household Income	37.5	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WBKO</b>	<b>ABC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>
WNKY	NBC	UHF	Northwest Broadcasting, L.P.	5	7	4	2

### Meridian, Mississippi

WTOK, an ABC affiliate, began operations in 1953. It is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming in the Meridian, Mississippi market. Meridian Naval Air Station is located in the DMA of Meridian, which also is a regional medical and economic center. Major industries in the area include tourism, timber processing, paper products and electronics manufacturing. Top employers in the area include: Peavey Electronics, Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, Meridian Naval Air Station, Jeff Anderson Regional Medical Center and the Meridian School System.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	189	190	0.11%
Retail Sales	\$1,883	\$2,245	3.58
EBI	2,469	3,048	4.30
Gross Market Revenue	7,900	9,800	4.40
Average Household Income	34.7	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WTOK-TV</b>	<b>ABC</b>	<b>VHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>21</b>
WMDN	CBS	UHF	Spain, Frank & Family	7	9	9	5
WGBC	NBC	UHF	Global Communications, Inc.	6	7	5	4

### Parkersburg, West Virginia

WTAP, an NBC affiliate, began operations in 1953. It is the only commercial television station broadcasting in the Parkersburg, West Virginia market and is ranked first in total viewers and in news programming. The Parkersburg DMA is a major chemical and petroleum center, with such employers as Dupont, Eramet, General Electric Company, Chevron, Globe Metallurgical and Krayton. Other significant employers include Coldwater Creek Clothiers and Ames Hardware. The Parkersburg DMA also plays host to Marietta College with an enrollment of nearly 23,500.

### Market Overview

	2001	2006	CAGR
	(In Thousands)		
DMA Population	159	157	(0.25)%
Retail Sales	\$1,911	\$2,025	1.17
EBI	2,539	3,051	3.74
Gross Market Revenue	5,600	6,600	3.34
Average Household Income	39.9	NA	

### Competitive Landscape

Station	Network	VHF or UHF	Owner	Share Summary 9AM to Midnight			
				May-02	Feb-02	Nov-01	Jul-01
<b>WTAP-TV</b>	<b>NBC</b>	<b>UHF</b>	<b>Stations Holding Company, Inc.</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>21</b>

## BUSINESS OF STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC.

### Overview of Stations

We plan to acquire in the merger 15 of Stations' television stations. These television stations are geographically diverse and serve small to medium-sized markets in 11 states. Five of the stations are affiliated with CBS, six are affiliated with ABC, and four are affiliated with NBC. All of the data included in this section relates solely to the stations that we plan to acquire in the merger.

The stations are located in DMAs ranked in size from 65 to 186 out of the 210 DMAs surveyed by A. C. Nielsen Company. The broadcast signals for these stations that we intend to acquire in the merger reach approximately 2.6 million television households, representing approximately 2.5% of all television households in the United States. Stations believes that broadcast television stations in small to medium-sized markets offer an opportunity to generate attractive and stable broadcasting cash flow due to limited competition from:

- other television stations for viewers;
- other media soliciting advertising expenditures; and
- other television stations purchasing syndicated programming.

Stations operates in markets that typically have stable employment and a diverse base of employers. Stations generally targets markets that have population centers that share common community interests and are receptive to local programming. Stations' local programming and news content coupled with its network affiliations provide each of its stations with an established audience and reputation for news, sports and entertainment programming.

Stations' senior management team, led by K. James Yager, President and Chief Operating Officer, has extensive experience in acquiring and improving the operations of television stations. In addition, Stations' stations are supported by a team of senior vice presidents who directly oversee the day-to-day operations of the business. Louis S. Wall and Christopher H. Cornelius manage seven and six of the stations, respectively. These executives have an average of 22 years of experience operating and managing broadcast television stations.

Stations selectively purchases first run and off-network syndicated programming designed to reach specific demographic groups attractive to advertisers. Currently, Stations broadcasts on many of its stations the five most highly-rated syndicated programs. These programs and the number of stations on which they are broadcast are:

- "Wheel of Fortune" on nine of its stations;
- "Jeopardy" on seven of its stations;
- "Seinfeld" on seven of its stations; and
- "Entertainment Tonight" on seven of its stations.

Additionally, Stations broadcasts other highly-rated first run and off-network syndicated programs on its stations including:

- "Judge Judy;"
- "The Oprah Winfrey Show;"
- "Everybody Loves Raymond;"
- "Live! with Regis and Kelly;" and
- "Frasier."

Stations seeks to acquire syndicated programs that:

- have wide audience appeal;
- are available on a cost-effective basis for limited licensing periods;
- allow scheduling flexibility;
- complement each station's overall programming mix; and
- counter competitive programming.

Stations has been able to purchase syndicated programming at attractive rates because of the limited competition from other television broadcasters for such programming in its markets. As a result, Stations' cash program expense as a percentage of net revenues for its stations was 4.4% in 1999, 4.7% in 2000 and 5.5% in 2001. In comparison, according to the 2001 Television Financial Report published by the National Association of Broadcasters, the percentage of net revenues spent for programming by all network affiliated stations was 8.8% in 1999 and 8.2% in 2000.

### **Background**

Stations was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on April 10, 1996. Stations' corporate name was changed from Benedek Communications Corporation to Stations Holding Company, Inc. effective February 1, 2002. Benedek was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on January 22, 1979. The principal executive offices of Stations is located at 2895 Greenspoint Parkway, Suite 250, Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60195. The telephone number at the executive offices is (847) 585-3450.

### **Network Affiliation of Stations' Television Stations**

Each of the television stations we are acquiring is affiliated with either CBS, ABC or NBC. Each affiliation agreement provides the station with the right to broadcast all programs transmitted by the network. In return, the network has the right to sell a substantial majority of the advertising time during network programming. In exchange for every hour that a station elects to broadcast network programming, CBS, ABC and NBC have historically paid the station a specified fee. This fee varies with the time of day. Typically, prime-time programming generates the highest hourly rates. Fees are subject to increase or decrease by the network during the term of an affiliation agreement, with provisions for advance notices and the right of termination by the station in the event of a reduction of rates.

During 1999, each of the major networks publicly indicated that it was reviewing the economic and other terms under which it provides programming to network affiliates like our stations. Proposed changes that have been publicly discussed include:

- reducing the period of exclusivity with respect to popular programming;
- changing the amount and placement of advertising time made available for sale by affiliates during network programming; and
- requiring affiliates to share part of the costs of producing sports or special programming.

These changes may be implemented during the term of existing affiliation agreements or upon their renewal. Additionally, the major networks have proposed reducing or eliminating the cash payments paid by networks to affiliates at the time of renewal of existing affiliation agreements.

Stations' NBC affiliation agreements for WOWT, WMTV, WILX and WTAP were renegotiated effective as of January 1, 2002 and the agreements were extended to January 1, 2012. As a result of these negotiations compensation for WOWT, WMTV, WILX and WTAP continues although at a reduced level through 2005. For the period from January 1, 2006 through the expiration of the contract on January 1, 2012, the agreements do not provide for any network compensation payments.

Stations' ABC affiliation agreements for WBKO, WHSV and WTOK expire on November 1, 2004 and provide for compensation that decreases throughout the term of the contract and reduces to zero by the expiration date of the contract.

In response to declining revenues, some networks have suggested that they may search for alternative methods of distribution for their programming, such as cable channels.

### **Advertising Sales**

Television station revenues are derived primarily from local, regional and national advertising. Stations seeks to manage its spot inventory efficiently to maximize advertising rates. Advertising rates are based upon numerous factors including:

- a program's popularity among the audience;
- the number of advertisers competing for the available time allotted to commercials;
- the size and demographic make-up of the audience; and
- the availability of alternative advertising media in the market area.

In March 2000, Stations restructured the organization of its local sales departments to place a greater emphasis on local and regional advertising sales. Stations shifted certain local advertising accounts to national representatives to better reflect the actual source of revenues. As a result of the restructuring and its new philosophy, period-to-period comparisons of trends in Stations' local/regional and national sales will be difficult for you to make.

*Local Sales.* Approximately 60% of Stations' gross revenues in 2001 came from local and regional advertisers. Local and regional advertising is sold primarily by each station's professional sales staff. Typical local and regional advertisers include:

- automobile dealerships;
- restaurants;
- retailers;
- communications companies;
- grocery chains;
- soft drink bottlers;
- health and medical services; and
- state lotteries.

Stations seeks to establish long term relationships with local advertisers by selling its advertising time through dedicated local sales teams. Stations' goal is to provide local customers the opportunity to communicate their longer term advertising goals so it can develop strategic advertising campaigns for them. In addition to increasing revenues from existing advertisers, Stations seeks to identify new sources of local advertising revenues. In particular, Stations seeks potential advertisers who have not previously advertised on broadcast television, but whose businesses would benefit from the identity of Stations' local news and programming. Stations' sales personnel are required to meet minimum weekly and monthly performance standards with respect to client activity, including new customer identification. Stations also offers commercial production services at each of its stations.

*National Sales.* Approximately 31% of Stations' gross revenues in 2001 came from national advertisers. Typical national advertisers include:

- automobile manufacturers;
- consumer goods manufacturers;

- communications companies;
- fast food franchisers;
- national retailers; and
- direct marketers.

National advertising time is sold through representative agencies retained by Stations. Two of the television stations we are acquiring are represented by Petry Television, Inc., ten are represented by Katz Television Sales, and one is represented by Blair Television. These stations' national sales coordinators actively assist their national sales representatives to induce national advertisers to increase their national spot expenditures designated to our markets.

*Political Sales.* Political advertising revenues are a significant factor in Stations business during election years. Local and regional elections, which can include gubernatorial, U.S. senatorial and congressional races, generally occur every even numbered year. National presidential elections occur every four years. In 2000 and 1998, Stations had political advertising revenues of \$13.3 million and \$8.6 million, respectively, at its stations we are acquiring pursuant to the merger representing approximately 10% and 7% of such stations' gross revenues during such years.

#### **Implementation of the Cable Act of 1992**

The Cable Television Consumer Protection and Competition Act of 1992, the "Cable Act," was enacted on October 5, 1992. The Cable Act:

- imposes cable rate regulation;
- establishes cable ownership limitations;
- regulates the relationships between cable operators and their program suppliers;
- regulates signal carriage and retransmission consent; and
- regulates numerous other aspects of the cable television business.

Stations has entered into agreements for its stations with substantially all of the cable system operators that carry our stations' signals. All of these agreements grant such cable system operators consent to retransmit Stations' broadcast signals. These retransmission arrangements do not represent a significant source of revenues for Stations. Stations expects to be able to renew its current retransmission agreements when such agreements expire. However, there can be no assurance that such renewals will be obtained.

#### **Digital Operations**

The FCC had required that all of the stations owned by Stations commence digital operations by May 1, 2002. Stations has incurred approximately \$4.5 million in capital expenditures towards its digital conversion of the stations we are acquiring as a result of the merger, and it anticipates incurring additional capital expenditures of \$6.8 million in the balance of 2002 and thereafter with respect to such stations. In order to accommodate the conversion to digital and maintain our historical capital expenditure levels, Stations has reduced its plans for the other non-essential capital expenditures in 2002. Stations anticipates that such expenditures will be paid for through cash generated from operations.

One of the stations owned by Stations had commenced digital operations by May 1, 2002. The FCC had implemented a process to allow broadcast companies to request an extension of time to complete the build-out to digital. On March 4, 2002, Stations filed extension requests with respect to its stations that have not been converted to digital. Stations was granted extensions covering the period May 1, 2002 through various dates in November 2002. We cannot assure you that Stations will be able to complete the construction of all of its DTV stations by the applicable FCC deadlines. If Stations is unable to meet

applicable build-out deadlines or obtain additional extensions, Stations may be subject to FCC sanctions, including the loss of the authorization to construct the DTV station.

## Employees

As of May 31, 2002, Stations had 807 full-time employees at the stations we are acquiring as a result of the merger. Approximately 172 of such employees located at three of such stations are represented by labor unions under collective bargaining agreements. The collective bargaining agreements expire at various times from June 2003 through December 2003. At WIFR-TV, Rockford, Illinois, 23 employees have certified a union and negotiations for a collective bargaining agreement are scheduled to occur shortly. There are no unionized employees at the other stations we are acquiring as a result of the merger. Stations believes that its relationship with all of its employees, including those represented by labor unions, is satisfactory.

## Properties

The principal executive offices of Stations is located in leased premises in Hoffman Estates, Illinois. Stations also has executive offices in New York City.

The types of properties required to support the television stations which Gray is acquiring as a result of the merger include offices, studios, and tower and transmitter sites. A station's studio and office are generally located in business districts while tower and transmitter sites are generally located so as to provide maximum signal coverage to each market. The following table contains certain information describing the general character of our properties.

Station, Market Area and Use	Owned or Leased	Approximate Size (sq. ft.)(a)	Height (ft.)/ Power	Lease expiration date
Wichita-Hutchinson, Kansas KAKE-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned	46,762	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned	2,176	1,000/316 kw	—
Colby, Kansas KLBY-TV				
Office and Studio	Leased	2,850	—	04/30/2004
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased	1,000	768/100 kw	04/30/2007
Garden City, Kansas KUPK-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned	1,831	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned	4,655	880/224 kw	—
Omaha, Nebraska WOWT-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned	58,829	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned	2,500	1,342/100 kw	—
Madison, Wisconsin WMTV-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	16,485(c)	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)		1,040/955 kw	—
Colorado Springs-Pueblo, Colorado KKTV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	30,465	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased	800	350/234 kw	02/01/2059
Lansing, Michigan WILX-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	13,700	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased	5,000	994/309 kw	10/18/2003

Station, Market Area and Use	Owned or Leased	Approximate Size (sq. ft.)(a)	Height (ft.)/ Power	Lease expiration date
Rockford, Illinois WIFR-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	13,500(c)	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)		674/562 kw	—
Wausau-Rhineland, Wisconsin WSAW-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	24,400	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased(d)	432	650/316 kw	08/01/2017
Topeka, Kansas WIBW-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	19,800	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased	2,338	1,249/316 kw	02/14/2062
Dothan, Alabama and Panama City, Florida WTVY-TV				
Office and Studio	Leased	20,440	—	12/31/2003
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)	2,500	1,880/100 kw	—
Harrisonburg, Virginia WHSV-TV				
Office and Studio	Leased(b)	18,000	—	04/27/2018(e)
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Leased	2,016	337/8.32 kw	12/31/2001(f)
Bowling Green, Kentucky WBKO-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	17,598	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)	1,175	603/316 kw	—
Meridian, Mississippi WTOK-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(b)	13,188	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)	1,504	316/316 kw	—
Parkersburg, West Virginia WTAP-TV				
Office and Studio	Owned(g)	17,500	—	—
Tower/ Transmitter Site	Owned(b)	3,600	439/208 kw	—

- (a) Approximate size is for building space only and does not include the land on which the facilities are located.
- (b) Stations has mortgaged its interest in this property to the collateral agent under its credit facility, which mortgage will be released at the time of the merger.
- (c) The tower/transmitter is located at and included within the size of the office and studio premises.
- (d) Stations leases this space with Shockley Communications Corporation and the Wisconsin Educational Communications Board from the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.
- (e) Stations has an option to purchase this property during the term of the lease. The purchase price is subject to adjustment depending upon the date the option is exercised. If Stations had exercised the option on December 31, 2001, the purchase price would have been approximately \$1.4 million.
- (f) The United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service granted us a Special Use Permit to occupy this land. Stations has applied for and is currently awaiting renewal of this permit.
- (g) In May 2000, Stations exercised a purchase option on this property. Stations mortgaged its interest in this property in connection with the purchase. Stations had previously leased this property and had mortgaged its leasehold interest to the collateral agent under its credit facility, which leasehold mortgage will be released at the time of the merger.

#### Legal Proceedings

On March 22, 2002, Stations filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. Benedek and its subsidiaries are not party to the bankruptcy action. On July 1,

2002, Stations filed its proposed plan of reorganization and related disclosure statement with respect to its bankruptcy case for approval by the court. The plan of reorganization contemplates completion of the merger of Gray MidAmerica Television with and into Stations. In conjunction with the execution of the merger agreement, Stations and Gray entered into Lock up, Voting and Consent Agreements with certain stockholders and creditors of Stations. Under the lock up, voting and consent agreements, these stockholders and creditors agreed to, among other things, support and vote their shares or interests, as applicable, in favor of Stations' plan of reorganization that will give effect to the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. As of the date of this report, lock up, voting and consent agreements have been received from holders of 97.9% of the outstanding Stations senior preferred stock, 98.8% of the outstanding Stations junior preferred stock, 100.0% of the outstanding Stations class B common stock and 94.6% of the outstanding Stations senior notes.

Stations is currently and from time to time involved in litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. Stations is not currently a party to any such lawsuit or proceeding that, in its opinion, is likely to have a material adverse effect on us.

## STATIONS SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The table below sets forth the selected consolidated financial data of Stations for the five years ended December 31, 2001 and the three month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002. The selected consolidated financial data for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001 have been derived from Stations' audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report. The data for the three month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 are unaudited, but have been prepared on the same basis as the audited financial statements. In Stations' opinion, they reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly Stations' results of operation for the period then ended and its financial position as of such dates. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future. The selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this report and "Stations Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	1997(a)	1998(a)	1999(b)	2000(b)	2001	2001	2002
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)							
<b>Statement of Operations</b>							
<b>Data:</b>							
Net revenues(c)	\$ 84,392	\$ 94,525	\$ 99,432	\$ 116,687	\$ 107,561	\$ 23,587	\$ 25,584
Operating expenses:							
Station operating expenses	48,891	52,446	55,154	63,935	64,007	16,664	16,258
Depreciation and amortization	21,794	20,660	17,442	19,711	21,901	5,368	6,309
Station operating income	13,707	21,419	26,836	33,041	21,653	1,555	3,017
Corporate expenses	3,787	4,643	4,510	5,590	5,946	1,664	1,543
	9,920	16,776	22,326	27,451	15,707	(109)	1,474
Gain on sale of stations, net(d)	—	—	6,403	61,406	—	—	—
Operating income (loss)	9,920	16,776	28,729	88,857	15,707	(109)	1,474
Financial expenses, net:							
Interest expense, net(e):							
Cash interest, net	(23,358)	(21,943)	(20,701)	(23,000)	(33,191)	(5,002)	(10,559)
Other interest	(19,374)	(17,043)	(19,040)	(20,943)	(10,011)	(5,661)	(192)
	(42,732)	(38,986)	(39,741)	(43,943)	(43,202)	(10,663)	(10,751)
Reorganization items	—	—	—	—	—	—	(931)
Income (loss) before income tax benefit and extraordinary item	(32,812)	(22,210)	(11,012)	44,914	(27,495)	(10,772)	(10,208)
Income tax benefit (expense)	11,243	7,646	(406)	(29,199)	10,165	4,064	3,931
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(21,569)	(14,564)	(11,418)	15,715	(17,330)	(6,708)	(6,277)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(2,741)	(2,061)	(4,359)	(881)	(28,085)	(1,646)	(22,028)
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	(24,310)	(16,625)	(15,777)	14,834	(45,415)	(8,354)	(28,305)
Extraordinary item(f)	—	—	(12,510)	942	—	—	—
Net income (loss)	(24,310)	(16,625)	(28,287)	15,776	(45,415)	(8,354)	(28,305)
Preferred stock dividends and accretion	(19,037)	(30,855)	(18,987)	(23,933)	(31,186)	(7,480)	(7,849)
Net (loss) applicable to common stock	\$ (43,347)	\$ (47,480)	\$ (47,274)	\$ (8,157)	\$ (76,601)	\$ (15,834)	\$ (36,154)
Basic and diluted (loss) per common share(g):							
(Loss) from continuing operations	\$ (5.78)	\$ (6.14)	\$ (4.11)	\$ (1.11)	\$ (6.56)	\$ (1.92)	\$ (1.91)

(Loss) from discontinued operations	(0.39)	(0.28)	(0.59)	(0.12)	(3.79)	(0.22)	(2.98)
Extraordinary item	—	—	(1.69)	0.13	—	—	—
(Loss) per common share	\$ (6.17)	\$ (6.42)	\$ (6.39)	\$ (1.10)	\$ (10.35)	\$ (2.14)	\$ (4.89)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	7,030,000	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000

	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	1997(a)	1998(a)	1999(b)	2000(b)	2001	2001	2002
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)							
<b>Other Financial Data</b>							
Broadcast cash flow(h)	\$ 35,678	\$ 42,333	\$ 44,681	\$ 53,220	\$ 43,934	\$ 6,939	\$ 9,036
Broadcast cash flow margin(i)	42.3%	44.8%	44.9%	45.6%	40.8%	29.4%	35.3%
Operating cash flow(j)	\$ 31,891	\$ 37,690	\$ 40,171	\$ 47,630	37,988	\$ 5,275	\$ 7,493
Operating cash flow margin(k)	37.8%	39.9%	40.4%	40.8%	35.3%	22.4%	29.3%
Cash flow provided by (used in):							
Operating activities	\$ 8,471	\$ 20,016	\$ 19,302	\$ 26,209	\$ 15,244	\$ 5,401	\$ 6,466
Investing activities	(6,282)	(6,582)	(28,291)	(11,259)	(10,835)	(1,973)	(1,659)
Financing activities	(7,632)	(11,791)	7,976	(14,245)	(4,889)	(5,016)	(945)
Capital expenditures	10,833	10,147	12,784	12,157	13,690	2,637	1,720
<b>Balance Sheet Data (end of period):</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,648	\$ 4,291	\$ 3,278	\$ 3,983	\$ 3,503	\$ 2,395	\$ 7,365
Total assets	468,495	447,462	457,776	508,262	468,237	494,018	428,439
Total intangible assets, net	345,588	335,634	335,348	381,914	346,352(m)	379,210	311,402(m)
Long-term debt(l)	370,917	374,816	427,579	432,942	437,372	433,398	435,928
Redeemable preferred stock	124,556	162,644	181,631	205,564	236,750	213,045	244,599
Stockholders' (deficit)	(94,908)	(147,263)	(197,494)	(205,731)	(282,490)	(221,723)	(318,599)

- (a) The selected consolidated financial data of Stations for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1998 have been derived from Stations' audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report with reclassification to reflect the application of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144.
- (b) In January 1999, Stations entered into a time brokerage agreement in anticipation of the station exchange of KKTU, Colorado Springs-Pueblo, Colorado and KCOY-TV, Santa Maria, California. The statement of operations and other data for the year ended December 31, 1999 includes information with respect to the time brokerage agreement. In March 2000, Stations exchanged WWLP-TV, its station in Springfield, Massachusetts, and \$18.0 million for KAKE-TV, Wichita, Kansas and WOWT-TV, Omaha, Nebraska. The statement of operations does not reflect the exchange prior to March 2000.
- (c) Net revenues reflect deductions from gross revenues for agency and national sales representative commissions.
- (d) Net gain on sale of stations for 1999 includes \$13.3 million as a result of the 1999 station exchange netted against a \$6.9 million loss on the sale of KOSA-TV, Odessa, Texas. In 2000, net gain on sale of stations includes a \$61.1 million gain on the exchange of WWLP-TV, Springfield, Massachusetts, for KAKE-TV, Wichita, Kansas and WOWT-TV, Omaha, Nebraska, and a \$0.3 million gain on the sale of KOSA-TV, Odessa, Texas.
- (e) Cash interest expense, net, includes cash interest paid and normal adjustments to accrued interest. Other interest expense includes accrued interest added to long-term debt balances, deferred loan cost amortization and write-offs, except deferred loan cost write-offs related to extraordinary debt extinguishments, financing costs not consummated, and accretion of discounts.
- (f) In 1999, Stations recorded an extraordinary loss of \$12.5 million net of applicable taxes of \$8.3 million as a result of the early extinguishment of debt associated with the completion of the tender offer for \$135.0 million of outstanding senior secured notes. In 2000, Stations redeemed a portion of its 13 1/4% senior subordinated discount notes with an aggregate face value of \$12.3 million. The discount notes had an accreted value of \$11.4 million and were purchased for \$9.8 million. A total of \$0.9 million, net of taxes, was recorded as a gain on the early extinguishment of debt.
- (g) Earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing income (loss) after the deduction of preferred dividends and accretion of the redemption prepayment premium and amortization of our initial warrants, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The effect of the stock options and initial warrants has not been reflected in the computation since their inclusion as common stock equivalents for both basic and fully-diluted earnings (loss) per share was anti-dilutive.

(h) Broadcast cash flow is defined as operating income before financial income as derived from the consolidated statements of operations plus depreciation and amortization, amortization of program broadcast rights, corporate expenses and noncash compensation less payments on program broadcast liabilities and net gain on sale of stations. Broadcast cash flow data is included in this report because the information is a measurement:

(1) used by lenders to measure a borrower's ability to service its debt and pay for capital expenditures;

(2) used by industry analysts to determine a market value of television stations; and

(3) used by industry analysts when evaluating and comparing operating performance of different companies.

Broadcast cash flow does not purport to represent cash provided by operating activities as reflected in Stations' consolidated financial statements, is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Broadcast cash flow is also not reflected in Stations' consolidated statements of cash flows; but it is a common and meaningful measure for comparison to other companies in the broadcast industry. The amounts excluded from broadcast cash flow are significant components in understanding and assessing Stations' results of operations and cash flows. The term "broadcast cash flow" may not be the same terminology utilized by other companies in the presentation of similar information.

(i) Broadcast cash flow margin is defined as broadcast cash flow divided by net revenues.

(j) Operating cash flow is defined as operating income before financial income as derived from the consolidated statements of operations plus depreciation and amortization, amortization of program broadcast rights and noncash compensation less payments on program broadcast liabilities and net gain on sale of stations. Operating cash flow data is included in this report because the information is a measurement:

(1) used by lenders to measure a borrower's ability to service its debt and pay for capital expenditures;

(2) used by industry analysts to determine a market value of television stations; and

(3) used by industry analysts when evaluating and comparing operating performance of different companies.

Operating cash flow does not purport to represent cash provided by operating activities as reflected in Stations' consolidated financial statements, is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Operating cash flow is also not reflected in Stations' consolidated statements of cash flows; but it is a common and meaningful measure for comparison to other companies in the broadcast industry. The amounts excluded from operating cash flow are significant components in understanding and assessing Stations' results of operations and cash flows. The term "Operating cash flow" may not be the same terminology utilized by other companies in the presentation of similar information.

(k) Operating cash flow margin is defined as operating cash flow divided by net revenues.

(l) Long-term debt is defined as notes payable, including the current portion thereof, net of discount. At March 31, 2002, long-term debt includes the balance of Stations' credit facility of \$276.0 million and the discount notes of \$154.7 million, which are classified as "Liabilities subject to compromise" on the March 31, 2002 balance sheet.

(m) Intangible assets at December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002 include balances of \$15.5 million and \$20.2 million, respectively, which are classified as "Assets of Stations held for sale" on the respective balance sheets.

## STATIONS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

### Overview

On April 1, 2002, Stations signed a letter of intent with Gray and subsequently executed a merger agreement on June 4, 2002 whereby Stations will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Gray. Gray will pay an estimated \$502.5 million in cash consideration in connection with the merger and the transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2002.

Pursuant to the letter of intent with Gray, Stations agreed to sell all of the television broadcasting assets of eight television stations (the "Station Group") to a third party prior to its merger with Gray. On June 4, 2002, Stations signed an agreement with Chelsey Broadcasting, LLC to sell the Station Group for \$30.0 million.

On November 16, 2001, Stations entered into an Asset Purchase agreement with West Virginia Media Holdings, LLC ("West Virginia Media") pursuant to which, on April 30, 2002, Stations sold the television broadcast assets of WTRF-TV, in Wheeling, West Virginia for \$18.5 million.

Stations elected to early adopt Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 ("SFAS No. 144") "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" for its 2001 financial statements. As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 144, the Station Group and WTRF-TV have been classified as assets held for sale at March 31, 2002 and accordingly the carrying value of the assets were adjusted to their fair value and the operations of these portions of Stations have been reported in discontinued operations.

Stations' revenues are derived primarily from the sale of advertising time and, to a modest extent, from compensation paid by the networks for broadcasting network programming and barter transactions for goods and services. Revenues depend on Stations' ability to provide programming that attracts audiences in the demographic groups targeted by advertisers. Stations' revenues also depend significantly on factors such as the national and local economy and the level of local competition.

In March 2000, Stations restructured the organization of its local sales departments to place a greater emphasis on local and regional advertising sales. Stations shifted certain local advertising accounts to national representatives to better reflect the actual source of revenues. As a result of the restructuring and its new philosophy, year-to-year comparisons of trends in Stations' local/regional and national sales for the years 2000 and 2001 will be difficult for you to make.

On March 31, 2000, Stations completed a transaction with WGRC, Inc., whereby it exchanged the television station assets of WWLP-TV, in Springfield, Massachusetts formerly owned by it plus \$18.0 million for the television station assets of KAKE-TV, in Wichita, Kansas, together with its two satellite stations, and WOWT-TV in Omaha, Nebraska. The acquired stations were owned by The Chronicle Publishing Company and were acquired in a like-kind exchange transaction through WGRC, Inc. The transaction was recorded under the purchase method of accounting.

On March 21, 2000, Stations sold the television broadcast assets of KOSA-TV, in Odessa, Texas to ICA Broadcasting I, Ltd. for a cash payment of \$8.0 million. Stations recorded a lower of cost or market adjustment of approximately \$6.9 million in 1999 to write down the assets of KOSA-TV to the sales price less estimated selling costs. The exchange of WWLP-TV and the sale of KOSA-TV resulted in a gain on sale of stations before taxes of \$61.4 million in 2000.

During October 1998, Stations transferred WMTV-TV, its station in Madison, Wisconsin to The WMTV Trust due to the Grade A broadcast signal overlap between WMTV-TV and WIFR-TV, Stations' station in Rockford, Illinois. Under the trust arrangement, Stations relinquished control of WMTV-TV to a trustee while retaining the economic risks and benefits of ownership. On August 5, 1999, the FCC approved new duopoly rules that enabled Stations to own both WMTV-TV and WIFR-TV. As a result of

the new rules, The WMTV Trust was dissolved on February 29, 2000 and all assets and liabilities were transferred to Stations.

Local and national non-political advertising sales constitute the largest concentration of Stations' revenues and represent approximately 90% of gross revenues in 2001 compared to approximately 82% in 2000. Excluding political advertising revenues from our gross revenues, the percentage of gross revenues attributable to Stations' local/regional advertising and national advertising in 1999, 2000 and 2001 was approximately 90%, 91% and 91%, respectively. Approximately 60% of Stations' gross revenues in 2001 were generated from local and regional advertising, which is sold primarily by each station's sales staffs. The remainder of Stations' advertising revenues is comprised primarily of national advertising, which is sold by national sales representatives retained by Stations. Stations generally pay commissions to advertising agencies on local, regional and national advertising and to national sales representatives on national advertising. Net revenues reflect deductions from gross revenues for commissions payable to advertising agencies and national sales representatives.

Stations' primary operating expenses are employee compensation, programming expense, and depreciation and amortization. Changes in compensation expense result primarily from adjustments to fixed salaries based on employee performance and, to a lesser extent, from changes in sales commissions paid based on levels of advertising revenues. Programming expense consists primarily of amortization of program rights. Stations purchases first run and off-network syndicated programming on an ongoing basis. Under Stations' contracts with the networks, a network affiliated station receives more than half of its daily programming from its network and in turn is compensated, in most cases, by the network for carrying such programming with the network's commercial content intact. Barter expense generally offsets barter revenues and reflects the fair market value of goods and services received. Stations' operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization, represent approximately 65% of net revenues from continuing operations for 2001 compared to 60% of net revenues in both 2000 and 1999.

### Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain of Stations' historical results of operations and operating data for the periods indicated in order to reconcile its broadcast cash flow and operating cash flow.

	Years Ended December 31,			Three Months Ended March 31,	
	1999	2000	2001	2001	2002
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Operating income (loss)	\$28,729	\$ 88,857	\$15,707	\$ (109)	\$ 1,474
Add:					
Amortization of program broadcast rights	4,740	5,907	6,341	1,566	1,543
Depreciation and amortization	17,442	19,711	21,901	5,368	6,309
Corporate expenses	4,510	5,590	5,946	1,664	1,543
Less:					
Payments on program broadcast liabilities	(4,337)	(5,439)	(5,961)	(1,550)	(1,833)
Gain on sale of stations, net	(6,403)	(61,406)	—	—	—
Broadcast cash flow	\$44,681	\$ 53,220	\$43,934	\$ 6,939	\$ 9,036
Less corporate expenses	\$ 4,510	\$ 5,590	\$ 5,946	\$ 1,664	\$ 1,543
Operating cash flow	\$40,171	\$ 47,630	\$37,988	\$ 5,275	\$ 7,493

### Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

The following table provides historical information for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2001	2002	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)		
Local/regional	\$15,894	\$18,160	14.3%
National	8,440	8,407	
Political	302	529	75.2
Other	2,606	2,425	(6.9)
	<u>27,242</u>	<u>29,521</u>	<u>8.4</u>
Direct costs	3,655	3,937	7.7
Net revenues	\$23,587	\$25,584	8.5%
Operating expenses:			
Selling, technical and program expenses	12,526	12,191	(2.7)
General and administrative	4,138	4,067	(1.7)
Depreciation and amortization	5,368	6,309	17.5
Corporate	1,664	1,543	(7.3)
	<u>23,696</u>	<u>24,110</u>	<u>1.7</u>
Operating income (loss)	\$ (109)	\$ 1,474	N/A
Broadcast cash flow	\$ 6,939	\$ 9,036	30.2%
Broadcast cash flow margin	29.4%	35.3%	
Operating cash flow	\$ 5,275	\$ 7,493	42.0%
Operating cash flow margin	22.4%	29.3%	

*Net revenues.* Stations had net revenues from continuing operations in the first quarter of 2002 of \$25.6 million compared to \$23.6 million for the same period in 2001. The increase in net revenues was \$2.0 million or 8.5%. The improvement in net revenues from continuing operations in 2002 is a result of political advertising revenues, the winter Olympics on Stations' four NBC affiliated stations and a significant increase in local advertising revenues due to the successful efforts toward increasing this portion of Stations' advertising base. National advertising revenues in the first quarter of 2002 remained constant at \$8.4 million as compared to the same period in 2001. Local/ regional revenues increased and were \$18.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$15.9 million for the same period in 2001, an increase of \$2.3 million or 14.3%. Political advertising revenues were \$0.5 million in the first quarter of 2002 as compared to \$0.3 million in the same period in 2001.

*Operating expenses.* Stations had operating expenses in the first quarter of 2002 of \$24.1 million, an increase of \$0.4 million or 1.7% compared to \$23.7 million in the same period in 2001. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.9 million or 17.5% to \$6.3 million as compared to \$5.4 million in the same period in 2001 due to the shorter amortization period used for network affiliation intangible assets as a result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS No. 142) on January 1, 2002. The effect of the shorter amortization period used for network affiliation intangible assets more than offset the effect caused by the discontinuance of amortization on Stations' intangibles related to its FCC licenses and goodwill. Amortization was discontinued on FCC intangible assets and goodwill in the first quarter of 2002 due to the requirement of SFAS No. 142 that specifies that intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are no longer subject to amortization.

*Operating income (loss).* Stations' operating income for the first quarter of 2002 increased by \$1.6 million to \$1.5 million from an operating loss of \$(0.1) million for the same period in 2001.

*Financial income (expense).* Stations' financial expense for the first quarter of 2002 was relatively constant with the first quarter of 2001 and was \$10.8 million as compared to \$10.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

*Reorganization items.* Stations had reorganization items of \$1.0 million in the first quarter of 2002 which consisted primarily of professional fees associated with its Chapter 11 bankruptcy filing on March 22, 2002.

*Income tax benefit (expense).* Stations' income tax benefit in the first quarter of 2002 was \$3.9 million compared to \$4.1 million for the first quarter of 2001, a decrease of \$0.2 million or 3.3%. Stations' effective tax rate for the first quarter 2002 was 38.5% as compared to 37.7% in the first quarter 2001.

*Loss from continuing operations.* Stations' loss from continuing operations was \$(6.3) million for the first quarter of 2002 compared to \$(6.7) million for the corresponding period in 2001.

*Discontinued operations.* Stations' loss from operations of discontinued stations was \$(22.0) million for the first quarter 2002 as compared to \$(1.6) million for the comparable period in 2001. Before income taxes, the loss on the operations of discontinued stations was \$(33.5) million for the first quarter of 2002 as compared to \$(2.4) million in the first quarter of 2001. Included in the first quarter 2002 was a \$31.3 million writedown to the expected sales price of the assets of the Station Group.

*Broadcast cash flow.* Broadcast cash flow for the first quarter of 2002 increased \$2.1 million or 30.2% to \$9.0 million from \$6.9 million for the first quarter of 2001. As a percentage of net revenues, broadcast cash flow margin increased to 35.3% for the first quarter of 2002 from 29.4% for the first quarter of 2001.

## Year Ended December 31, 2001 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2000

The following table provides historical information for the year ended December 31, 2000 and 2001.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2000	2001	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)		
Local/regional	\$ 70,732	\$ 73,501	3.9%
National	41,153	37,624	(8.6)
Political	13,238	1,367	(89.7)
Other	10,935	10,557	(3.5)
	136,058	123,049	(9.6)
Direct costs	19,371	15,488	(20.0)
Net revenues	\$116,687	\$107,561	(7.8)%
Operating expenses:			
Selling technical and program expenses	48,078	48,696	1.3
General and administrative	15,857	15,311	(3.4)
Depreciation and amortization	19,711	21,901	11.1
Corporate	5,590	5,946	6.4
	89,236	91,854	2.9
Gain on sale of stations, net	61,406	—	(100.0)
Operating income	\$ 88,857	\$ 15,707	(82.3)%
Broadcast cash flow	\$ 53,220	\$ 43,934	(17.4)%
Broadcast cash flow margin	45.6%	40.8%	
Operating cash flow	\$ 47,630	\$ 37,988	(20.2)%
Operating cash flow margin	40.8%	35.3%	

*Net revenues.* Stations' net revenues in 2001 decreased by \$9.1 million or 7.8% to \$107.6 million from \$116.7 million in 2000. Stations' net revenues were negatively impacted by the absence of political revenues in 2001 which were \$1.4 million as compared to \$13.2 million in 2000. Excluding political advertising revenues and before direct costs, Stations' gross revenues decreased by \$1.1 million or 0.9% to \$121.7 million for 2001 from \$122.8 million for 2000 due to a protracted softening of the advertising market and the negative effects on the advertising market and the economy in general as a result of the attacks of September 11, 2001.

*Operating expenses.* Stations' operating expenses in 2001 increased by \$2.7 million or 2.9% to \$91.9 million from \$89.2 million in 2000. The increase in operating expenses was caused by the change in the mix of stations owned by Stations, with the March 2000 addition of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV and the disposition of WWLP-TV and KOSA-TV. The effect of the change of stations was greatest on depreciation and amortization expenses which increased \$2.2 million or 11.1% to \$21.9 million for 2001 as compared to \$19.7 million for 2000. As a percentage of net revenues, operating expenses increased to 85.4% for 2001 compared to 76.5% for 2000.

*Gain on sale of stations, net.* In 2000, Stations recognized a gain of \$61.1 million as a result of the exchange of the assets of WWLP-TV with a fair market value of \$123.0 million and \$18.0 million in cash for the assets of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV. Stations also realized a \$0.3 million gain on the sale of KOSA-TV in 2000. KOSA-TV was sold for \$8.0 million.

*Operating income.* Stations' operating income for 2001 decreased \$73.2 million or 82.3% to \$15.7 million from \$88.9 million for 2000. The change in operating income was primarily caused by the gain on sale of stations in March 2000 and increased depreciation and amortization expense.

*Financial income (expense).* Stations' financial expense for 2001 decreased \$0.7 million or 1.7% to \$43.2 million from \$43.9 million in 2000 as a result of declining interest rates.

*Income tax benefit (expense).* Stations' income tax benefit in 2001 was \$10.2 million compared to an income tax expense of \$29.2 million for 2000. The decrease in income tax expense in 2001 from 2000 was primarily due to the tax effect of the sale of WWLP-TV and KOSA-TV in March 2000. For tax purposes, the sale of the WWLP-TV assets was treated as an exchange for the assets of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV under the Internal Revenue Service like-kind exchange rules. As such, Stations had a \$2.2 million gain for tax purposes.

*Discontinued operations.* Stations' loss from discontinued operations was \$(28.1) million in 2001 as compared to \$(0.9) million in 2000. Before income taxes, Stations' loss from discontinued operations was \$(29.8) million in 2001 as compared to \$(0.2) million in 2000. Discontinued operations consist of the operating results and valuation adjustments related to WTRF-TV and the Station Group. Included in discontinued operations for 2001 was a write-down to fair value on the sale of WTRF-TV of \$6.9 million as well as \$17.7 million of valuation adjustments on certain other stations' goodwill and network affiliation intangible assets that were determined to have been impaired based on estimated discounted future cash flows. During 2002, these certain stations were held for sale and the valuation adjustments have been reclassified to discontinued operations consistent with the restatement provisions of SFAS No. 144.

*Net income (loss).* Stations had a net loss of \$(45.4) million for 2001 as compared to net income of \$15.8 million for 2000.

*Broadcast cash flow.* Broadcast cash flow for 2001 decreased \$9.3 million or 17.4% to \$43.9 million from \$53.2 million for 2000. As a percentage of net revenues, broadcast cash flow margin decreased to 40.8% for 2001 from 45.6% for 2000.

## Year Ended December 31, 2000 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 1999

The following table provides historical information for the year ended December 31, 1999 and 2000.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)		
Local/regional	\$ 66,146	\$ 70,732	6.9%
National	35,535	41,153	15.8
Political	1,329	13,238	96.1
Other	11,756	10,935	(7.0)
	114,766	136,058	18.6
Direct costs	15,334	19,371	26.3
Net revenues	99,432	116,687	17.4%
Operating expenses:			
Selling, technical and program expenses	40,247	48,078	19.5
General and administrative	14,907	15,857	6.4
Depreciation and amortization	17,442	19,711	13.0
Corporate	4,510	5,590	23.9
	77,106	89,236	15.7
Gain on sale of stations, net	6,403	61,406	859.0
Operating income	\$ 28,729	\$ 88,857	209.3%
Broadcast cash flow	\$ 44,681	53,220	19.1%
Broadcast cash flow margin	44.9%	45.6%	
Operating cash flow	\$ 40,171	\$ 47,630	18.6%
Operating cash flow margin	40.4%	40.8%	

*Net revenues.* Stations' net revenues in 2000 increased by \$17.3 million or 17.4% to \$116.7 million from \$99.4 million in 1999. Stations' net revenues were positively impacted by political revenues in 2000 which were \$13.2 million compared to \$1.3 million in 1999. Excluding political advertising revenues and before direct costs, Stations' gross revenues increased by \$9.4 million or 8.3% to \$122.8 million for 2000 from \$113.4 million for 1999 due to the exchange of WWLP for KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV which was offset in part by a softening advertising market and the displacement of commercial advertisers by political advertisers.

*Operating expenses.* Stations' operating expenses in 2000 increased by \$12.1 million or 15.7% to \$89.2 million from \$77.1 million in 1999. The increase in operating expenses was caused by the change in the mix of stations owned by Stations, with the March 2000 addition of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV and the disposition of WWLP-TV and KOSA-TV. As a percentage of net revenues, operating expenses decreased to 76.5% for 2000 compared to 77.6% for 1999.

*Gain on sale of stations, net.* Stations recognized a gain of \$61.1 million in 2000 as a result of the exchange of the assets of WWLP-TV with a fair market value of \$123.0 million and \$18.0 million in cash for the assets of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV. The book value of the WWLP-TV assets was \$61.4 million and related fees were \$0.4 million. Stations also realized a \$0.3 million gain on the sale of KOSA-TV in 2000. KOSA-TV was sold for \$8.0 million and fees related to the sale were \$0.1 million.

*Operating income.* Stations' operating income for 2000 increased \$60.2 million or 209.3% to \$88.9 million from \$28.7 million for 1999 primarily from the gain on the sale of stations.

*Financial income (expense).* Stations' financial expense, net, for 2000 increased \$4.2 million or 10.6% to \$43.9 million from \$39.7 million in 1999 as a result of higher interest rates and to a lesser extent to greater accretion on the 13 1/4% senior subordinated discount notes.

*Discontinued operations.* Stations' loss from discontinued operations was \$(0.9) million in 2000 as compared to \$(4.4) million in 1999. Before income taxes, Stations' loss from discontinued operations was \$(0.2) million in 2000 as compared to \$(6.1) million in 1999. Discontinued operations consist of the operating results and valuation adjustments related to the Station Group. Included in discontinued operations for 1999 was \$2.8 million of valuation adjustments on certain stations' goodwill and network affiliation intangible assets that were determined to have been impaired based on estimated discounted future cash flows. During 2002, these certain stations were held for sale and the valuation adjustments have been reclassified to discontinued operations consistent with SFAS No. 144.

*Income tax expense.* Stations' income tax expense in 2000 was \$29.2 million compared to \$0.4 million for 1999. The increase in income tax expense in 2000 was due in part to the \$61.1 million gain on the sale of WWLP-TV. For tax purposes, the sale of the WWLP-TV assets was treated as an exchange for the assets of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV under the IRS like-kind exchange rules. As such, Stations had a \$2.2 million gain for tax purposes compared with the book gain of \$61.1 million.

*Extraordinary gain (loss).* Extraordinary gain was \$0.9 million for 2000, net of \$0.6 million in income taxes and consisted of an early extinguishment of debt. The gain was recognized when Stations purchased its 13 1/4% senior subordinated discount notes with a face amount of \$12.3 million for \$9.8 million. The notes Stations purchased had an accreted value of \$11.4 million. In 1999, Stations recorded an extraordinary loss of \$(12.5) million, net of \$8.3 million in income taxes. The loss was a result of the early extinguishment of debt associated with the completion of the tender offer for \$135.0 million of Benedek's senior secured notes.

*Net income (loss).* Stations' net income was \$15.8 million for 2000 compared to a net loss of \$(28.3) million for 1999.

*Broadcast cash flow.* Broadcast cash flow for 2000 increased \$8.5 million or 19.1% to \$53.2 million from \$44.7 million for 1999. As a percentage of net revenues, broadcast cash flow margin increased to 45.6% for 2000 from 44.9% for 1999.

## **Income Taxes**

For the year ended December 31, 2001, Stations had an income tax benefit of \$10.2 million compared to an income tax expense of \$29.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2000. The change in income taxes is due primarily to the \$61.1 million gain on the sale of WWLP-TV in 2000. For tax purposes, the sale of the WWLP-TV assets was treated as an exchange for the assets of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV under the Internal Revenue Service like-kind exchange rules. As such, Stations had a \$2.2 million gain for tax purposes. At March 31, 2002, Stations has approximately \$35.7 million of actual net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future tax liabilities. These net operating loss carryforwards expire in the years 2020 through 2023. Stations also has approximately \$0.5 million of tax credit carryforwards with no expiration.

## **Seasonality**

Stations net revenues and operating cash flow are generally highest during the fourth quarter of each year. This is primarily due to increased expenditures by advertisers in anticipation of holiday season consumer spending and an increase in viewership during this period. Generally, the second quarter of each year produces net revenues and operating cash flow greater than the first and third quarters due to higher viewership in this period.

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

During September 2001, in accordance with certain covenants of Benedek's credit facility, Benedek entered into an interest rate cap agreement, which matures in September 2003. The agreement reduces the impact of changes in interest rates on Benedek's floating-rate long-term debt. That agreement effectively entitles Benedek to receive from a financial institution the amount, if any, by which the British Bankers' Association interest settlement rates for U.S. dollar deposits exceeds 6.00% on a notional amount totaling \$60.0 million subject to an amortization schedule. As of March 31, 2002, the settlement rate was 1.90%.

## UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The unaudited pro forma financial data presented below is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have actually occurred, nor is it necessarily indicative of future operating results. The unaudited pro forma financial data should be read in conjunction with Gray's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in Gray's filings with the SEC and in conjunction with Stations' consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this report.

Stations' historical consolidated financial statements reflect the nine television stations to be sold prior to our acquisition of Stations as discontinued operations. Accordingly, the operating results of those stations are excluded from continuing operations and the related assets and liabilities are segregated in the balance sheet. Those stations are:

WTRF — Wheeling, WV which was sold in April 2002  
WYTV — Youngstown, OH  
WHOI — Peoria - Bloomington, IL  
KDLH — Duluth, MN - Superior, WI  
KMIZ, K02NQ, K11TB — Columbia - Jefferson City, MO  
KAUZ — Wichita Falls, TX - Lawton, OK  
KHQA — Quincy, IL - Hannibal, MO - Keokuk, IA  
KGWN, KSTF — Cheyenne, WY - Scottsbluff, NE  
KGWC, KGWL, KGWR — Casper - Riverton, WY

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements reflect the following transactions:

- Our acquisition of Stations in a merger transaction for total estimated consideration of \$513.4 million which includes a base price of \$502.5 million, additional cash consideration of \$4.9 million for certain estimated net working capital, as specified in the merger agreement, and related fees and expenses of \$6.0 million.
- Our financing the acquisition of Stations which included (1) revising or replacing our senior credit facility to provide additional revolving credit borrowing ability of \$50 million, and additional term loan borrowings of \$175 million, (2) the issuance of \$100 million of senior subordinated notes and (3) the sale of \$225 million of our class B common stock for an estimated \$14.49 per share, the closing price at March 31, 2002.
- The incurrence of an estimated \$22.8 million in fees related to the financing transactions described above. The estimated costs include (1) revising our current senior credit facility and the issuance of additional senior subordinated notes for aggregate fees of \$7.8 million and (2) the sale of additional shares our class B common stock for a fee of \$15.0 million. The estimated fees and expenses have been paid or will be payable to various underwriters, advisors, and professional service providers, including lawyers and accountants.
- The issuance in April 2002 of \$40.0 million liquidation value of a Series C preferred stock with an 8% annual dividend rate. The Series C preferred stock has a mandatory redemption in April 2012 and is exchangeable into our class B common stock at a current conversion rate of \$14.39 per share. We received net cash proceeds of approximately \$30.6 million after paying fees and expenses of \$767,000. \$8.6 million liquidation value of the Series C preferred stock was used to exchange our existing series A and series B preferred stock with an aggregate liquidation value of \$8.6 million into the Series C preferred stock using a one for one exchange ratio.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 reflect these transactions as if they had been completed on January 1, 2001. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2001 reflect these transactions as if they had been completed on January 1, 2001. The March 31, 2002

unaudited pro forma combined condensed balance sheet reflects these transactions as if they had been completed on March 31, 2002.

The pro forma adjustments are based on the preliminary estimates of the number of shares of our class B common stock to be issued and their related value, indebtedness to be incurred and related financing terms, the amount of the specified net working capital and certain other payments as of the closing date, and the transaction costs all determined as of the closing date. Accordingly, the actual amounts of these transactions are expected to differ from the pro forma financial statements.

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002**

	Gray	Stations	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma
(Dollars in thousands except per share data)				
Operating revenues:				
Broadcasting (net of agency commissions)	\$25,453	\$ 25,584	\$ —	\$51,037
Publishing	10,143	—	—	10,143
Paging	2,009	—	—	2,009
	<u>37,605</u>	<u>25,584</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>63,189</u>
Expenses:				
Broadcasting	15,481	16,258	—	31,739
Publishing	7,651	—	—	7,651
Paging	1,383	—	—	1,383
Corporate and administrative	1,000	1,543	(536)(a)	2,007
Depreciation and amortization	3,733	6,309	(3,864)(b)	6,178
	<u>29,248</u>	<u>24,110</u>	<u>(4,400)</u>	<u>48,958</u>
Operating income	8,357	1,474	4,400	14,231
Other (income) expense:				
Interest expense	8,965	10,783	(5,915)(c)(d)	13,833
Miscellaneous income, net	(38)	(32)	—	(70)
Appreciation (depreciation) in value of derivatives, net	(389)	—	—	(389)
Reorganization fees and expenses	—	931	(931)(a)	—
Total other (income) expense, net	<u>8,538</u>	<u>11,682</u>	<u>(6,846)</u>	<u>13,374</u>
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(181)	(10,208)	11,246	857
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(46)	(3,931)	4,273(e)	296
Income (loss) from continuing operations	<u>\$ (135)</u>	<u>\$ (6,277)</u>	<u>\$ 6,973</u>	<u>\$ 561</u>
Preferred dividends	<u>\$ 154</u>	<u>\$ 7,849</u>	<u>\$ (7,203)(f)(g)</u>	<u>\$ 800</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per common share:				
Loss from continuing operations	<u>\$ (289)</u>			<u>\$ (239)</u>
Weighted average outstanding common shares:				
Basic and diluted	<u>15,647</u>			<u>31,175(h)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share available to common stockholders from continuing operations	<u>\$ (0.02)</u>			<u>\$ (0.01)</u>

(a) Reflects the elimination of certain historical expenses of Stations that Gray will not, or does not expect, to incur subsequent to the acquisition including compensation paid to certain persons who will resign concurrent with the closing of the merger, certain professional fees and other overhead costs.

(b) Reflects adjustment to the depreciation and amortization charges to reflect the allocation of the total consideration paid by Gray among the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. The adjustment is primarily the result of eliminating Stations' amortization of amounts assigned to network affiliation agreements. Of our consideration estimated to be paid, \$7.6 million was assigned to network

affiliation agreements, thereby increasing the amount of indefinite lived intangible assets which are not amortized.

- (c) Reflects the elimination of certain historical interest expense of Stations reflecting the repayment, in full, of certain senior and subordinated debt as part of Stations' Plan of Reorganization.
- (d) Reflects adjustments to include (1) interest charges of \$2.4 million on the estimated \$175.5 million of newly issued senior debt with an assumed effective interest rate of 5.55%, (2) interest charges of \$2.3 million on the estimated \$100 million of newly issued senior subordinated indebtedness with an assumed effective interest rate of 9.25%, (3) amortization of \$0.2 million of the estimated \$7.8 million aggregate of deferred financing charges incurred with the revised or newly issued senior credit facility with an estimated average life to maturity of 8.25 years and the offering of the senior subordinated notes with an estimated average life to maturity of 9.2 years and (4) the elimination \$0.2 million of historical amortization expense for deferred financing charges associated with our prior senior credit facility.
- (e) Reflects the provision for (benefit from) income taxes using an effective income tax rate of 38%.
- (f) Preferred dividends have been adjusted to reflect our issuance of \$40.0 million liquidation value Series C preferred stock with an annual dividend rate of 8% and the application of the \$30.6 million net cash proceeds toward our merger consideration, thereby reducing our senior debt borrowing requirements and related interest expense and the exchange of an aggregate of \$8.6 million liquidation value of our existing series A and series B preferred stock into the Series C preferred stock.
- (g) Reflects elimination of historical preferred dividends of Stations as such preferred stock is extinguished in the merger.
- (h) Reflects our issuance of an additional 15,527,950 shares of our class B common stock at an assumed price of \$14.49 per share, the closing price at March 31, 2002.

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001**

	Gray	Stations	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma
(Dollars in thousands except per share data)				
Operating revenues:				
Broadcasting (less agency commissions)	\$106,430	\$107,561	\$ —	\$213,991
Publishing	41,189	—	—	41,189
Paging	8,724	—	—	8,724
	<u>156,343</u>	<u>107,561</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>263,904</u>
Expenses:				
Broadcasting	66,232	64,007	—	130,239
Publishing	31,915	—	—	31,915
Paging	5,877	—	—	5,877
Corporate and administrative	3,615	5,946	(2,284)(a)	7,277
Depreciation and Amortization	30,824	21,901	(12,120)(b)	40,605
	<u>138,463</u>	<u>91,854</u>	<u>(14,404)</u>	<u>215,913</u>
Operating income	17,880	15,707	14,404	47,991
Other (income) expense:				
Interest expense	35,783	43,361	(24,031)(c)(d)	55,113
Depreciation in value of derivatives, net	1,581	—	—	1,581
Miscellaneous income, net	(194)	(159)	—	(353)
Total other (income) expense, net	<u>37,170</u>	<u>43,202</u>	<u>(24,031)</u>	<u>56,341</u>
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision for (benefit from) income taxes				
	(19,290)	(27,495)	38,435	(8,350)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(5,972)	(10,165)	14,605(e)	(1,532)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	<u>\$ (13,318)</u>	<u>\$ (17,330)</u>	<u>\$ 23,830</u>	<u>\$ (6,818)</u>
Preferred dividends	<u>\$ 616</u>	<u>\$ 31,186</u>	<u>\$(28,602)(f)(g)</u>	<u>\$ 3,200</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per common share:				
Loss from continuing operations	<u>\$ (13,934)</u>			<u>\$ (10,018)</u>
Weighted average outstanding common shares:				
Basic and diluted	<u>15,605</u>			<u>31,133(h)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders from continuing operations				
	<u>\$ (0.89)</u>			<u>\$ (0.32)</u>

(a) Reflects the elimination of certain historical expenses of Stations that Gray will not, or does not expect, to incur subsequent to the acquisition including compensation paid to certain persons who will resign concurrent with the closing of the merger, certain professional fees and other overhead costs.

(b) Includes adjustment to the depreciation and amortization charges to reflect the allocation of the total consideration estimated to be paid by Gray among the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. However, the adjustment is primarily the result of eliminating Stations' amortization of FCC licenses and goodwill which are no longer amortized on acquisitions occurring after July 1, 2001.

(c) Reflects the elimination of certain historical interest expense of Stations reflecting the repayment, in full, of certain senior and subordinated debt as part of Stations' Plan of Reorganization.

- (d) Reflects adjustments to include (1) interest charges of \$9.7 million on the estimated \$175.5 million of newly issued senior debt with an assumed effective interest rate of 5.55%, (2) interest charges of \$9.2 million on the estimated \$100 million of newly issued senior subordinated indebtedness with an assumed effective interest rate of 9.25%, (3) amortization of \$0.9 million of the estimated \$7.8 million of deferred financing charges incurred with the revised or newly issued senior credit facility with an estimated average life to maturity of 8.25 years and the offering of the senior subordinated notes with an estimated average life to maturity of 9.2 years and (4) the elimination of \$0.9 million of the historical amortization expense for deferred financing charges associated with our prior senior credit facility.
- (e) Reflects the provision for (benefit from) income taxes using an effective income tax rate of 38%.
- (f) Preferred dividends have been adjusted to reflect our issuance of \$40.0 million liquidation value Series C preferred stock with an annual dividend rate of 8% and the application of the \$30.6 million net cash proceeds toward our merger consideration, thereby reducing our senior debt borrowing requirements and related interest expense and the exchange of an aggregate of \$8.6 million liquidation value of our existing series A and series B preferred stock into the Series C preferred stock.
- (g) Reflects elimination of historical preferred dividends of Stations as such preferred stock is extinguished in the merger.
- (h) Reflects our issuance of an additional 15,527,950 shares of our class B common stock at an assumed price of \$14.49 per share, the closing price at March 31, 2002.

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET**

**AS OF MARCH 31, 2002**

	Gray	Stations	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma
<b>ASSETS</b>				
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Current assets:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,165	\$ 7,365	\$ (5,000)(a)	\$ 5,530
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts	24,927	21,092	(1,702)(b)	44,317
Recoverable income taxes	987	—	—	987
Inventories	970	—	—	970
Current portion of program broadcast rights, net	2,565	2,947	—	5,512
Other current assets	992	3,009	—	4,001
Assets of stations held for sale	—	47,841	(47,841)(c)	—
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>33,606</b>	<b>82,254</b>	<b>(54,543)</b>	<b>61,317</b>
Property and equipment, net	61,372	49,967	—	111,339
Deferred loan costs, net	11,334	3,714	(2,026)(b)(d)	13,022
FCC licenses and network affiliation agreements	403,794	213,123	234,491 (b)	851,408
Goodwill	53,151	78,099	2,652 (b)	133,902
Consulting, noncompete and other definite lived intangible assets	795	—	3,000 (b)	3,795
Other	14,549	1,282	—	15,831
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$578,601</b>	<b>\$ 428,439</b>	<b>\$ 183,574</b>	<b>\$1,190,614</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>				
<b>Current liabilities:</b>				
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,641	\$ 9,935	\$ —	\$ 21,576
Accrued interest	7,670	—	—	7,670
Current portion of program broadcast obligations	2,393	4,819	—	7,212
Deferred revenue	3,278	276	—	3,554
Unrealized loss on derivatives	1,192	—	—	1,192
Current portion of long-term debt	456	2,283	—	2,739
Liabilities of stations held for sale	—	8,967	(8,967)(c)	—
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>26,630</b>	<b>26,280</b>	<b>(8,967)</b>	<b>43,943</b>
Long-term debt, less current portion	390,992	2,975	275,471 (d)	669,438
Program broadcast obligations, less current portion	576	1,121	—	1,697
Supplemental employee benefits	472	—	—	472
Deferred income taxes	54,358	23,326	54,370 (b)(d)	132,054
Other	1,695	562	—	2,257
Liabilities subject to compromise	—	448,175	(448,175)(e)	—
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>474,723</b>	<b>502,439</b>	<b>(127,301)</b>	<b>849,861</b>
Senior exchangeable preferred stock	—	162,163	(162,163)(f)	—
Seller junior discount preferred stock	—	82,436	(82,436)(f)	—
Series C preferred stock, redeemable, exchangeable, 4,000 shares, liquidation value \$10,000 per share	—	—	39,233 (g)	39,233
<b>Stockholders' equity</b>				
Serial preferred stock, 861 shares, liquidation value \$10,000 per share	4,637	—	(4,637)(g)	—
Class A common stock	20,173	—	—	20,173
Class B common stock	117,829	74	209,926 (f)(h)	327,829
Additional paid-in capital	—	(68,595)	68,595 (f)(h)	—
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(30,422)	(249,414)	241,693 (d)(f)(g)	(38,143)
Stockholder's note receivable	—	(664)	664 (f)	—
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>112,217</b>	<b>(318,599)</b>	<b>516,241</b>	<b>309,859</b>
Treasury stock at cost, class A common	(8,339)	—	—	(8,339)
Treasury stock at cost, class B common	—	—	—	—
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>103,878</b>	<b>(318,599)</b>	<b>516,241</b>	<b>301,520</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$578,601</b>	<b>\$ 428,439</b>	<b>\$ 183,574</b>	<b>\$1,190,614</b>



- (a) Assumes \$5.0 million of the aggregate cash on hand upon concluding the merger is utilized to pay certain fees and expenses incurred with the merger.
- (b) Reflects the acquisition of Stations for total estimated consideration of \$513.4 million which includes a base price of \$502.5 million, additional cash consideration of \$4.9 million for certain estimated net working capital, as specified in the merger agreement, fees and expenses of \$6.0 million and the allocation of the estimated consideration among the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as of March 31, 2002. The allocation of the consideration paid is as follows:

Description	SHC	Disposition Of Designated Stations	Fair Value Adjustments	Opening Balance Sheet
(in thousands)				
Cash	\$ 7,365			\$ 7,365
Accounts receivable	21,092		\$ (1,702)	19,390
Assets of stations held for sale	47,841	\$ (47,841)		—
Current portion of program broadcast rights	2,947			2,947
Other current assets	3,009			3,009
Property and equipment	49,967			49,967
Other long term assets	1,282			1,282
Deferred loan costs	3,714		(3,714)	—
FCC licenses, network affiliation agreements and other indefinite lived intangible assets	213,123		234,491	447,614
Consulting, noncompete and other definite lived intangible assets	—		3,000	3,000
Goodwill	78,099		2,652	80,751
Trade payables and accrued expenses	(9,935)			(9,935)
Current portion of notes payable	(2,283)			(2,283)
Current portion of program broadcast obligations	(4,819)			(4,819)
Liabilities of stations held for sale	(8,967)	8,967		—
Deferred revenue	(276)			(276)
Deferred tax liabilities	(23,326)		(56,674)	(80,000)
Long term portion of program broadcast obligations	(1,121)			(1,121)
Long term portion of notes payable	(2,975)			(2,975)
Other long term liabilities	(562)			(562)
<b>Total purchase price including expenses</b>	<b>\$374,175</b>	<b>\$ (38,874)</b>	<b>\$ 178,053</b>	<b>\$513,354</b>

The allocation of the consideration to the assets and liabilities of Stations acquired by Gray will remain preliminary until we have finalized our assessment of these assets and liabilities following the acquisition. Such assessment will be based in part upon third party evaluations which we will not receive until after the acquisition is completed.

- (c) Reflects the elimination of assets sold or to be sold and the liabilities assumed, or to be assumed, for the nine television stations which have been or will be sold by Stations prior to our merger.
- (d) Reflects (1) our issuance of an estimated \$175.5 million of senior debt with a variable interest rate based on LIBOR plus a premium which we have assumed to be 3.25% and we have further assumed for the pro forma adjustments that the effective interest rate on this debt is 5.55% and that it will have an assumed average life to maturity of 8.25 years, (2) our offering of \$100 million of senior subordinated indebtedness with an assumed effective interest rate of 9.25% and an assumed average life to maturity of 9.2 years, (3) our incurring \$7.8 million of deferred financing fees in connection

with revising or replacing our senior credit facility and our offering of senior subordinated notes and (4) the elimination of Gray's historical deferred financing charges of \$6.0 million associated with its prior senior credit facility net of an income tax benefit assuming an effective tax rate of 38%.

- (e) Reflects the elimination of certain senior and subordinated debt and related accrued interest of Stations reflecting the repayment, in full, of such debt as part of Stations' Plan of Reorganization. The cash used to make such debt repayments is a portion of the cash provided from our proposed issuance of senior debt, subordinated debt and class B common stock as discussed below.
- (f) Reflects the elimination of the historical stockholders equity of Stations including all preferred stock, common stock, additional paid-in capital and accumulated deficits.
- (g) Reflects our issuance in April 2002 of \$40.0 million liquidation value of a Series C preferred stock with an 8% annual dividend rate. The Series C preferred stock has a mandatory redemption in April 2012 and is exchangeable into our class B common stock at a current conversion rate of \$14.39 per share. We received net cash proceeds of approximately \$30.6 million after paying fees and expenses of \$767,000. \$8.6 million liquidation value of the Series C preferred stock was used to exchange our existing series A and series B preferred stock with an aggregate liquidation value of \$8.6 million into the Series C preferred stock using a one for one exchange ratio. Also includes as a charge to our accumulated deficit a \$4.0 million non-cash constructive dividend resulting from the exchange of the series A and series B preferred stock into the Series C preferred stock.
- (h) Reflects the assumed issuance of 15,527,590 shares of our class B common stock at an assumed price of \$14.49 per share, the closing price of such stock on March 31, 2002, net of issuance costs of \$15.0 million.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Stations Holding Company, Inc. (formerly Benedek Communications Corporation) and Subsidiaries  
Hoffman Estates, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Stations Holding Company, Inc. ("Stations") and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 2001 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' (deficit) and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of Stations' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stations and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 2001 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that Stations will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note Q to the consolidated financial statements, Stations is currently in default under its Credit Facility and Discount Notes and has filed for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code subsequent to year-end. This raises substantial doubt about Stations' ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note Q. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

As described in Note O to the consolidated financial statements, Stations has elected to early adopt the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

/s/ McGLADREY & PULLEN, LLP

Rockford, Illinois  
March 15, 2002, except for the subsequent  
events described in Note Q as to which  
the date is June 4, 2002

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,983	\$ 3,503
Receivables		
Trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$799 and \$834 for 2000 and 2001	30,108	29,912
Notes receivable-officers	15	720
Other	935	720
Current portion of program broadcast rights	5,917	6,394
Prepaid expenses	1,957	2,237
Deferred income taxes	1,138	946
Assets of station held for sale (Note B)		
Property and equipment	—	3,023
Intangible assets	—	15,477
	<u>44,053</u>	<u>62,932</u>
Property and equipment (Note D)	74,911	67,874
	<u>381,914</u>	<u>330,875</u>
Intangible assets (Note E)		
Other assets		
Program broadcast rights, less current portion (Note H)	854	1,884
Deferred loan costs	4,627	3,487
Notes receivable-officers (Note C)	1,702	982
Other	201	203
	<u>7,384</u>	<u>6,556</u>
	<u>\$ 508,262</u>	<u>\$ 468,237</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
Current Liabilities		
Current maturities of notes payable	\$ 1,460	\$ 432,639
Current portion of program broadcast liabilities	9,188	9,421
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note I)	12,449	23,061
Deferred revenue	579	580
	<u>23,676</u>	<u>465,701</u>
Total current liabilities		
Long-Term Obligations		
Notes payable (Note F, G)	431,482	4,733
Program broadcast liabilities (Note H)	329	2,006
Deferred revenue	1,877	1,325
Deferred income taxes (Note K)	51,065	40,212
	<u>484,753</u>	<u>48,276</u>
Senior exchangeable preferred stock, liquidation preference, 2000-\$134,721 and 2001-\$150,895 (Note F)	139,636	157,845
Seller junior discount preferred stock, liquidation preference, 2000-\$64,426 and 2001-\$73,296 (Note F)	65,928	78,905
Commitments (Note H, J, P, Q)		
Stockholders' (Deficit) (Note C, F, L) Common stock, class A		
Common stock, class B	74	74
Additional paid-in capital	(66,413)	(68,605)
Accumulated deficit	(138,733)	(213,260)
Stockholder's note receivable (Note C)	(659)	(699)
	<u>(205,731)</u>	<u>(282,490)</u>

	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	\$ 508,262	\$ 468,237
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
	(In thousands, except share and per share data)		
Net revenues	\$ 99,432	\$ 116,687	\$ 107,561
Operating expenses:			
Selling, technical and program expenses	40,247	48,078	48,696
General and administrative	14,907	15,857	15,311
Depreciation and amortization (Note E)	17,442	19,711	21,901
Corporate	4,510	5,590	5,946
	77,106	89,236	91,854
Net gain on sale of stations (Note B & E)	6,403	61,406	—
Operating income	28,729	88,857	15,707
Financial income (expense):			
Interest expense: (Note A)			
Cash interest	(20,901)	(23,564)	(33,350)
Other interest	(19,040)	(20,943)	(10,011)
	(39,941)	(44,507)	(43,361)
Interest income	200	564	159
	(39,741)	(43,943)	(43,202)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax and extraordinary item	(11,012)	44,914	(27,495)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(406)	(29,199)	10,165
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(11,418)	15,715	(17,330)
Discontinued Operations (Note O & Q):			
(Loss) from operations of discontinued stations	(6,142)	(229)	(29,826)
Income tax benefit (expense)	1,783	(652)	1,741
(Loss) from discontinued operations	(4,359)	(881)	(28,085)
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	(15,777)	14,834	(45,415)
Extraordinary item, gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt net of applicable income taxes of \$8,340 and \$(628) in 1999 and 2000 (Note G)	(12,510)	942	—
Net income (loss)	(28,287)	15,776	(45,415)
Preferred stock dividends and accretion	(18,987)	(23,933)	(31,186)
Net (loss) applicable to common stock	\$ (47,274)	\$ (8,157)	\$ (76,601)
Basic and diluted (loss) per common share:			
(Loss) from continuing operations	\$ (4.11)	\$ (1.11)	\$ (6.56)
(Loss) from discontinued operations	(0.59)	(0.12)	(3.79)
Extraordinary item	(1.69)	0.13	—
(Loss) per common share	\$ (6.39)	\$ (1.10)	\$ (10.35)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)**

Years Ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Stockholder's Note Receivable	Total
	(In thousands)				
Balance at December 31, 1998.	\$ 74	\$(59,549)	\$ (87,200)	\$ (588)	\$(147,263)
Accretion to senior exchangeable preferred stock (Note F)	—	(1,823)	—	—	(1,823)
Dividends on preferred stock	—	—	(17,164)	—	(17,164)
Repurchase of initial warrants	—	(2,957)	—	—	(2,957)
Accrued interest on note receivable	—	33	—	(33)	—
Net (loss)	—	—	(28,287)	—	(28,287)
Balance at December 31, 1999.	\$ 74	\$(64,296)	\$(132,651)	\$ (621)	\$(197,494)
Accretion to senior exchangeable preferred stock (Note F)	—	(2,075)	—	—	(2,075)
Dividends on preferred stock	—	—	(21,858)	—	(21,858)
Repurchase of initial warrants	—	(80)	—	—	(80)
Accrued interest on note receivable	—	38	—	(38)	—
Net income	—	—	15,776	—	15,776
Balance at December 31, 2000.	\$ 74	\$(66,413)	\$(138,733)	\$ (659)	\$(205,731)
Accretion to senior exchangeable preferred stock (Note F)	—	(2,074)	—	—	(2,074)
Dividends on preferred stock	—	—	(29,112)	—	(29,112)
Repurchase of initial warrants	—	(158)	—	—	(158)
Accrued interest on note receivable	—	40	—	(40)	—
Net (loss)	—	—	(45,415)	—	(45,415)
Balance at December 31, 2001.	\$ 74	\$(68,605)	\$(213,260)	\$ (699)	\$(282,490)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
	(In thousands)		
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ (28,287)	\$ 15,776	\$(45,415)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Amortization of program broadcast rights	8,127	9,015	9,276
Depreciation and amortization	15,695	16,002	17,237
Amortization and writedown of intangibles and deferred loan costs	14,609	12,574	29,840
Amortization of note discount	17,227	18,887	7,124
Deferred income taxes	(10,368)	27,721	(10,661)
Net (gain) on sale of stations	(6,181)	(61,406)	—
Loss on writedown of station held for sale	—	—	6,880
(Gain) loss on early extinguishment of debt	20,850	(1,570)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:			
Receivables	(1,504)	(2,441)	411
Prepaid expenses and other	(356)	60	(280)
Payments on program broadcast liabilities	(7,455)	(8,691)	(8,873)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,482)	793	10,216
Deferred revenue	(573)	(511)	(511)
	19,302	26,209	15,244
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Purchase of property and equipment	(7,923)	(9,814)	(11,073)
Payment for acquisition of stations	(9,359)	(8,584)	—
Deposit on and costs of acquisitions	(10,294)	—	—
Proceeds from sale of stations	56	7,585	—
Deposit on sale of station, net of fees paid	—	—	235
Disbursements on notes receivable-officers, net of payments	(720)	(722)	15
Other, net	(51)	276	(12)
	(28,291)	(11,259)	(10,835)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Principal payments on notes payable	(259,453)	(3,806)	(2,231)
Redemption of discount notes	(2,591)	(9,820)	—
Net (payments) borrowings on long-term revolver	58,500	—	(2,500)
Proceeds from long-term borrowing	220,000	—	—
Repurchase of initial warrants	(2,957)	(80)	(158)
Payment of debt and senior preferred stock acquisition costs	(5,523)	(539)	—
	7,976	(14,245)	(4,889)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,013)	705	(480)
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Beginning	4,291	3,278	3,983
Ending	\$ 3,278	\$ 3,983	\$ 3,503

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued)**

	Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
	(In thousands)		
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:			
Cash payments for interest	\$ 30,307	\$ 26,395	\$25,242
Cash payments (receipts) for income taxes	679	2,672	(1,524)
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:			
Acquisition of program broadcast rights	\$ 8,186	\$ 8,100	\$10,783
Purchase of equipment on accounts payable	500	419	57
Notes payable incurred for purchase of property and equipment	4,140	1,672	2,037
Equipment acquired by barter transactions	221	252	523
Dividends accrued on preferred stock	17,164	21,858	29,112
Accrued interest on note receivable stockholder added to additional paid-in capital	33	38	40
Accretion to senior preferred stock	1,823	2,075	2,074
Acquisition of stations:			
Property and equipment acquired at fair market value	\$ 6,238	\$ 25,693	\$ —
Intangible assets acquired	27,376	117,426	—
Program broadcast rights acquired	1,115	931	—
Program broadcast liabilities assumed	(1,115)	(868)	—
Other, net	17	(1,343)	—
	33,631	141,839	—
Less: Fair value of assets swapped	(24,272)	(122,961)	—
	9,359	18,878	—
Less: Deposits and costs paid in prior year	—	(10,294)	—
	\$ 9,359	\$ 8,584	\$ —
Sale of stations:			
Property and equipment sold	\$ 3,076	\$ 8,876	\$ —
Intangible assets sold	8,101	60,258	—
Program broadcast rights sold	136	358	—
Program broadcast liabilities transferred	(145)	(345)	—
Other, net	—	(74)	—
	11,168	69,073	—
Gain recognized on sale of stations	13,101	61,406	—
	24,269	130,479	—
Less: Fair value of assets swapped	(24,272)	(122,961)	—
Fees paid on sales, prior year	59	67	—
	\$ 56	\$ 7,585	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Note A) — Nature of Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

##### ***Nature of Business***

Stations Holding Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries (“Stations”), formerly known as Benedek Communications Corporation, is a holding company with minimal operations other than from its wholly owned subsidiary, Benedek Broadcasting Corporation (“Benedek”). Benedek owns and operates twenty-three television stations located throughout the United States. Stations’ revenues are derived primarily from the sale of advertising time and, to a modest extent from compensation paid by the networks for broadcasting network programming and barter transactions for goods and services. Stations sells commercial time during the programs to national, regional and local advertisers. The networks also sell commercial time during the programs to national advertisers. Credit arrangements are determined on an individual customer basis. Segment information is not presented since all of Stations’ revenue is attributed to a single reportable segment.

##### ***Basis of Presentation***

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Stations and its wholly owned subsidiary, Benedek. Benedek has three wholly owned subsidiaries, Benedek License Corporation, Benedek Cable, Inc. and Benedek Interactive Media, LLC (the “Benedek Subsidiaries”). All significant intercompany items and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

##### ***Significant Accounting Policies***

###### *(1) Accounting estimates*

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

###### *(2) Cash equivalents and concentration*

Stations considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

At various times during the periods, Stations had cash and cash equivalents on deposit with a financial institution in excess of federal depository insurance limits. Stations has not experienced any credit losses on these deposits.

###### *(3) Revenues*

Revenue related to the sale of advertising is recognized at the time of broadcast. Net revenues are shown net of agency and national representatives’ commissions.

Deferred revenues primarily relate to compensation paid by the network at the inception of the network affiliation agreement. This revenue is being recognized prorata until 2005, on a straight-line method.

###### *(4) Barter transactions*

Revenue from barter transactions (advertising provided in exchange for goods and services) is recognized as income when advertisements are broadcast and merchandise or services received are charged to expense (or capitalized as appropriate) when received or used. The transactions are recorded at the fair

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

market value of the asset or service received. For the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001, revenues from barter transactions totaled approximately \$6,377,000, \$6,182,000 and \$6,111,000, respectively.

*(5) Program broadcast rights and liabilities*

Program broadcast rights represent rights for the telecast of feature length motion pictures, series produced for television and other films, and are presented at the lower of amortized cost or net realizable value. Each agreement is recorded as an asset and liability when the license period begins and the program is available for its first showing. Program broadcast rights are amortized on a straight-line method over the life of the contract, which is included in selling, technical and program expenses. The agreements are classified between current and long-term assets according to the estimated time of future usage. The related liability is classified between current and long-term on the basis of the payment terms.

*(6) Deferred loan and acquisition costs*

Deferred loan costs are amounts incurred in connection with long-term financing. The costs are amortized on the interest method over the terms of the related debt security. Costs incurred in connection with long-term financing which is not consummated are expensed at the point in time when the negotiation on the financing ceases. Costs incurred in connection with issuances of preferred stock are included in stockholders' deficit as a permanent reduction of additional paid-in capital.

Acquisition costs are amounts incurred in connection with acquiring additional television stations. Costs incurred in connection with acquisitions, which are not consummated, are expensed at the point in time when the negotiation on the acquisition ceases. The acquisition costs related to successful acquisitions are treated as part of the purchase price and are allocated to the assets purchased.

*(7) Property and equipment and intangible assets*

(a) Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated ranges of useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	5-40
Towers	5-12
Transmission equipment	3-10
Other equipment	1-5

Gains and losses on the disposition of property and equipment in the normal course of business are insignificant and are included in depreciation and amortization on the consolidated statement of operations.

(b) Intangible assets, which include FCC licenses, network affiliation agreements and goodwill, have been recorded at cost and are amortized over 40 years using the straight-line method.

(c) Stations reviews its property and equipment and intangibles annually to determine potential impairment by comparing the carrying value of the assets with the undiscounted anticipated future cash flows of the related property before interest charges. If the future cash flows are less than the carrying value, Stations would obtain an appraisal or discount the future cash flows to determine fair value, and adjust the carrying value of the assets to the estimated fair value if the fair value is less than the carrying value (Note E).

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

*(8) Other interest expense*

Other interest expense includes accrued interest added to long-term debt balances, deferred loan cost amortization and write offs (except deferred loan cost write offs related to extraordinary debt extinguishments), financing costs not consummated, and accretion of discounts.

*(9) Income taxes*

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, operating losses and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Stations and its subsidiaries file a consolidated federal income tax return.

*(10) Employee Benefits*

Stations has defined contribution plans covering all eligible employees. Stations' contribution is at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Stations self-insures for health benefits, which are provided to all full-time employees with specified periods of service. Insurance coverage is maintained by Stations for claims in excess of specific and annual aggregate limits.

Stations has elected to continue accounting for employee stock-based compensation under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25.

*(11) Earnings (loss) per common share*

Basic per-share amounts are computed by dividing net income (loss) adjusted for preferred stock dividends declared and accretion (the numerator) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (the denominator). Diluted per-share amounts assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock instruments unless the effect is to reduce the loss or increase the income per common share from continuing operations. Stations has no present dilutive per-share amounts, since the inclusion of the Initial Warrants (as defined) and stock options would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

*(12) Interest rate cap agreement and recently adopted accounting standard*

Interest rate cap agreements are used to manage interest rate exposure by hedging certain liabilities. Income and expense are accrued under the terms of the agreement based on the expected settlement payments and are recorded as a component of interest income or expense.

Effective January 1, 2001, Stations adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended by SFAS Nos. 137 and 138. The new accounting standards require all derivative instruments be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value of the derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or in other comprehensive income, depending on whether the derivative is designated as a fair value or cash flow hedge. The ineffective portion of all hedges is recognized in current period earnings. On adoption Stations' only derivative instrument was an interest rate cap for which the fair value approximated the carrying value.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**(Note B) — Acquisition and Sale of Certain Television Stations**

On December 30, 1998, Stations entered into an Asset Exchange Agreement with The Ackerley Group, Inc. ("Ackerley") pursuant to which Stations exchanged the television broadcast assets of KCOY-TV, in Santa Maria, California, for the television broadcast assets of KKTV, Ackerley's station in Colorado Springs, Colorado (the "1999 Swap"). Both KCOY-TV and KKTV are CBS affiliates. The exchange was completed on May 1, 1999, upon which Stations paid \$9,000,000 to Ackerley as further consideration in accordance with the agreement.

The exchange was recorded as a separate sale and acquisition of stations, with the acquisition of KKTV accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, the results of the operations for KKTV are included in Stations' consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition, May 1, 1999. In addition, the parties entered into a time brokerage agreement for each station, in effect from January 1, 1999 until April 30, 1999. During the time brokerage period, the revenue and expenses of each station went to the account of the buyer, net of applicable time brokerage fees. The net time brokerage fee expense was \$508,000 for the year ended December 31, 1999.

The total purchase price for KKTV was approximately \$33,631,000, which consisted of the fair market value of the KCOY-TV assets of \$24,272,000, a cash payment of \$9,000,000, and fees and costs of the transaction of \$359,000. The purchase price has been allocated to acquired assets and liabilities based on their relative fair values as of the closing date. The excess of the purchase price over the net assets received from the acquisition is being amortized on the straight-line method over a period of 40 years.

A gain of approximately \$13,323,000 was recorded to reflect the sale of KCOY-TV. This gain consisted of the fair market value of the KCOY-TV assets of \$24,272,000 less their book value of \$10,732,000 and fees of \$217,000.

During September 1999, a loss in the amount of approximately \$222,000 was recorded to reflect the sale of KTVS-TV, Sterling, Colorado, which was a satellite operation of KGWN-TV, Cheyenne, Wyoming. Stations sold KTVS-TV since KTVS-TV is outside of the KGWN-TV designated market area. The loss is included in "Loss from operations of discontinued stations" in the consolidated statement of operations as KGWN-TV is one of the stations included in the Station Group to be sold. See (Note Q).

On November 19, 1999, Stations entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with The Chronicle Publishing Company ("Chronicle") and on December 10, 1999, Stations entered into an Asset Exchange Agreement with WGRC, Inc. ("WGRC"). Pursuant to these agreements, WGRC acquired the television broadcast assets of WOWT-TV and KAKE-TV, Chronicle's television stations in Omaha, Nebraska and Wichita, Kansas, respectively, and then immediately transferred the same to the Company in exchange for the television broadcast assets of WWLP-TV, Stations' station in Springfield, Massachusetts (the "2000 Swap"). The exchange was completed on March 31, 2000, upon which Stations paid \$18,000,000 to WGRC as further consideration in accordance with the agreements. At December 31, 1999, Stations had deposited \$10,000,000 in an escrow account related to this transaction. The remaining \$8,000,000 was funded from the proceeds of the sale of KOSA-TV discussed below.

The exchange was recorded as a separate sale and acquisition of stations, with the acquisition of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, the results of the operations for KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV are included in Stations' consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition, March 31, 2000.

The total purchase price and costs of the acquisition of KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV was approximately \$141,839,000, which consisted of the fair market value of the WWLP-TV assets of \$122,961,000, a cash payment of \$18,000,000 and fees and costs of the transaction of approximately

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

\$878,000. The purchase price has been allocated to acquired assets and liabilities based on their relative fair market values as of the closing date.

A gain of approximately \$61,144,000 was recorded to reflect the disposition of WWLP-TV. The gain consisted of the fair market value of the WWLP-TV assets of \$122,961,000 less their book value of \$61,431,000 and fees of \$386,000.

On December 15, 1999, Stations entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with ICA Broadcasting I, Ltd. ("ICA") pursuant to which Stations sold the television broadcast assets of KOSA-TV, in Odessa, Texas to ICA for a cash payment of \$8,000,000 on March 21, 2000 (the "2000 Sale"). A gain of approximately \$262,000 was recorded on the sale of KOSA-TV, which consisted of the excess of the \$8,000,000 sale price over the book value of the assets of \$7,642,000 less fees of the transaction. Stations wrote down the KOSA-TV assets during 1999 by \$6,920,000, as a result of the signing of the Asset Purchase Agreement with ICA, which contemplated the sale.

The unaudited pro forma results of operations and earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 1999 and 2000, assuming the 1999 Swap, 2000 Swap and 2000 Sale had occurred on January 1, 1999 and 2000, are presented in the table below.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	1999	2000
	(In thousands)	
Net revenue	\$ 112,381	\$ 120,155
(Loss) before extraordinary item	(19,308)	(13,262)
Extraordinary item	(12,510)	942
Net (loss)	\$ (31,818)	\$ (12,320)
Basic and diluted (loss) per common share:		
(Loss) before extraordinary item	\$ (5.18)	\$ (5.03)
Extraordinary item	(1.69)	0.13
(Loss) per common share	\$ (6.87)	\$ (4.90)

The pro forma results of operations and earnings per share for the 1999 Swap, 2000 Swap and 2000 Sale for the years ended December 31, 1999 and 2000 refer to the operating results of KKTU, KAKE-TV and WOWT-TV as if such stations were owned, and to KCOY-TV, WWLP-TV and KOSA-TV as if such stations were sold, by Stations on January 1, 1999 and 2000, with pro forma adjustments only for depreciation and amortization, interest and income taxes. The pro forma results do not include the gain on the disposition of KCOY-TV, WWLP-TV and KOSA-TV, nor the write down of KOSA-TV's assets in contemplation of the sale, for either period presented.

The pro forma information does not necessarily reflect the actual results that would have occurred nor is it necessarily indicative of future results of the operations of the stations.

**Sale of Station**

On November 26, 2001, Stations entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with West Virginia Media Holdings, LLC ("West Virginia Media") pursuant to which Stations will sell the television broadcast assets of WTRF-TV, in Wheeling, West Virginia to West Virginia Media for \$18,500,000. Upon the execution of the agreement, Stations received a \$350,000 option payment from West Virginia which will reduce the final purchase price. Stations recorded a lower of cost or market adjustment of approximately \$6,880,000 in 2001 to write down the assets of WTRF-TV to the sales price. Because Stations has elected to early adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Disposal of Long-Lived Assets,” as discussed in [Note O], this lower of cost or market adjustment is included in “Loss from operations of discontinued stations.” The assets of WTRF-TV have been shown on the accompanying balance sheet as “Assets of station held for sale” as of December 31, 2001. It is anticipated that the sale will be completed in the second quarter of 2002. See (Note Q).

**(Note C) — Related Party Transactions and 1999 Stock Option Plan**

**Stock Option Agreements**

In 1998, a key employee exercised all outstanding options granted to him under a stock-based compensation plan for the employee. Stations loaned the key employee the funds necessary to pay for the shares under a note for \$555,000 which bears interest at 5.93% and is due on December 31, 2007. This recourse note, which is a personal obligation of the employee, is collateralized by the stock, which was issued upon exercise of the option, and is classified as a negative equity account in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

During 2001, Stations amended the above-mentioned key employee’s employment agreement whereby he will receive compensation sufficient to satisfy the obligation and any related income tax liability, provided that he remains an active employee through the earlier of death, disability, termination by Stations without cause, or December 31, 2003. This obligation is being accrued ratably through December 31, 2003. In connection therewith, Stations recognized expense of approximately \$107,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001.

In December 1998, Stations’ board of directors adopted the 1999 Stock Option Plan (the “Plan”) whereby from time to time on or before December 31, 2008, options to purchase shares of class B common stock may be granted to employees, directors or consultants and advisors of Stations and its subsidiaries. The aggregate number of shares of common stock, which may be purchased pursuant to options granted at any time under the Plan, shall not exceed 240,000. The purchase price per share shall be the fair market value, as defined by the Plan, or an amount determined by the board. If options are granted to an employee who, at the time of the grant, owns more than ten percent of the voting stock of Stations, the purchase price per share shall be at least one hundred and ten percent of the fair market value, as defined by the Plan. The vesting period of options granted under the Plan are determined by the board. The maximum term options may be outstanding under the plan is ten years.

A summary of the status of the Plan at December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001 and changes during the years then ended is as follows:

	1999		2000		2001	
	Shares	Wgt. Avg. Exercise Price	Shares	Wgt. Avg. Exercise Price	Shares	Wgt. Avg. Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	—	\$ —	165,000	\$15.00	60,000	\$15.00
Granted	165,000	15.00	—	—	75,000	27.00
Exercised	—	—	—	—	—	—
Forfeited	—	—	(105,000)	15.00	(15,000)	15.00
Expired	—	—	—	—	—	—
Outstanding at end of year	165,000	\$15.00	60,000	\$15.00	120,000	\$22.50
Exercisable at end of year	—	\$ —	6,000	\$15.00	10,000	\$16.20

The remaining contractual life of the options outstanding at December 31, 2001 is seven years for 45,000 options and nine years for 75,000 options.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

As permitted under generally accepted accounting principles, Stations accounts for the employee options under the provisions of APB Opinion No. 25 and its related interpretations. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized for the grant of the options. Had compensation cost been determined based on the fair value method prescribed in FASB Statement No. 123, the reported net income (loss) and basic and diluted (loss) per common share for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001 would have been \$(28,395) and \$(6.40), \$15,805 and \$(1.10), and \$(45,432) and \$(10.35), respectively. In determining the pro forma amounts for the options granted in 1999, the fair value per share for each option was estimated to be \$6.61 at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: no dividends will be paid on the class B common stock; a risk-free interest rate of 4.44%; an expected life of five years; and an expected price volatility of 43.0%. In determining the pro forma amounts for the options granted in 2001, the fair value per share for each option was estimated to be \$0.97 at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: no dividends will be paid on the class B common stock; a risk-free interest rate of 4.91%; an expected life of six years; and an expected price volatility of 64.0%.

***Director Fees***

Stations paid fees of approximately \$871,000, \$896,000, and \$974,000 during the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001, respectively, to the law firm of Shack Siegel Katz Flaherty & Goodman, P.C. A partner of Shack Siegel Katz Flaherty & Goodman, P.C. serves as a director to Stations.

***Notes Receivable-Officers***

During 1999 and 2000 Stations issued loans to various officers of Stations for which the total amounts receivable as of December 31, 2000 and 2001 were \$1,717,000 and \$1,702,000, respectively. These notes bear interest at the applicable federal rates in effect at the time of issuance and have due dates ranging from May 1, 2002 to December 31, 2003. These notes are personal obligations of the applicable officer and have been issued with recourse.

On March 1, 2002, the foregoing notes due from one officer were consolidated into a single note in the amount of \$1,635,000, representing the aggregate outstanding principal and interest due to Stations from the officer. The maturity of such loans was extended until the earlier of June 30, 2002 or the date the employee sells his securities in Stations. The interest is payable at maturity and accrues at the applicable federal rate in effect on March 1, 2002.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**(Note D) — Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Land and improvements	\$ 7,182	\$ 7,175
Buildings and improvements	35,083	35,126
Towers	17,493	16,859
Transmission and studio equipment	81,179	81,393
Office equipment	12,101	13,604
Transportation equipment	4,308	4,770
Construction in progress	6,167	6,652
	163,513	165,579
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	88,602	97,705
	\$ 74,911	\$ 67,874

**(Note E) — Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Goodwill	\$115,797	\$ 83,210
FCC licenses	173,882	163,766
Network affiliations	90,874	82,738
Other	1,361	1,161
	\$381,914	\$330,875

Intangible assets are recorded net of accumulated amortization of \$54,830,000 and \$79,748,000 as of December 31, 2000 and 2001, respectively. In addition to the \$6,920,000 lower of cost or market adjustment on KOSA-TV as discussed in (Note B), during 1999 Stations also wrote down certain stations' goodwill and FCC licenses which were determined to have been impaired based on Stations' estimate of fair value using discounted future cash flows. The writedown of approximately \$2,762,000 is included in "Loss from operations of discontinued stations" on the consolidated statement of operations as the related stations are part of the Station Group to be sold as discussed in (Note Q).

In addition to the \$6,880,000 lower of cost or market adjustment on WTRF-TV as discussed in (Note B), during 2001 Stations also wrote down a certain station's goodwill and network affiliation which were determined to have been impaired based on Stations' estimate of fair value using discounted future cash flows. The writedown of approximately \$17,673,000 is included in "Loss from operations of discontinued stations" on the consolidated statement of operations as the related station is part of the Station Group to be sold as discussed in (Note Q).

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**(Note F) — Redeemable Equity Securities and Discount Notes**

***Senior Preferred Stock***

In 1996, Stations sold 60,000 Units in a private placement, which generated proceeds of \$60,000,000. Each Unit consisted of (i) ten shares of 15% Exchangeable Redeemable Senior Preferred Stock due 2007 (the "Original Senior Preferred Stock"), (ii) ten initial warrants to purchase class A common stock of Stations with an expiration date of July 1, 2007 (the "Initial Warrants") and (iii) 14.8 contingent warrants to purchase class A common stock of Stations.

The Original Senior Preferred Stock and the contingent warrants were redeemed in June 1998 from the proceeds of Stations' May 14, 1998 issuance of 100,000 shares of 11.5% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock (the "Senior Preferred Stock"), with an initial liquidation preference equal to proceeds received of \$100,000,000.

Dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock are cumulative and payable quarterly commencing August 15, 1998 at a rate of 11.5% of the then effective liquidation preference per share. Stations, at its option, may pay dividends on any dividend payment date occurring on or before May 15, 2003 either in cash or by adding such dividends to the then effective liquidation preference. Stations has been adding the dividends to the liquidation preference from the issuance date through December 31, 2001. The Senior Preferred Stock is not redeemable until May 15, 2003 at which time cash dividends are required to be paid at a rate of 11.5% of the then effective liquidation preference per share. Thereafter, Stations has the option to redeem these shares in whole or in part at predetermined redemption prices prior to May 15, 2008 when they are due. The Senior Preferred Stock is exchangeable into debentures at Stations' option, subject to certain conditions, in whole on any scheduled dividend payment date. The Senior Preferred Stock contains various restrictive covenants relating to limitations on dividends, transactions with affiliates, further issuance of debt, and the sales of assets, among other things.

Since it was originally management's intention to redeem the Senior Preferred Stock prior to the date that cash dividends are required to be paid, the amount of the estimated redemption premium payable had been accreted as a constructive distribution over five years since May 1998. During the fourth quarter of 2001, management determined that the redemption of the Senior Preferred Stock was unlikely to occur based on Stations' financial position as described in (Note Q). As a result, accretion has been discontinued on the redemption premium for future periods.

***Junior Preferred Stock***

In 1996, Stations issued 450,000 shares of Seller Junior Discount Preferred Stock due July 1, 2008 (the "Junior Preferred Stock") with an aggregate liquidation preference equal to the proceeds of \$45,000,000. Dividends are payable to the holders of the Junior Preferred Stock at 7.92% per annum, cumulative until the fifth anniversary of the issuance thereof and thereafter at increasing rates up to 18%. The dividends on the Junior Preferred Stock are cumulative and were being accrued at the initial rate of 7.92% through September 30, 2000, since it was Stations' intention to redeem the Junior Preferred Stock prior to the fifth anniversary. During October 2000, Stations determined that redemption of the Junior Preferred Stock would most likely occur subsequent to the fifth anniversary. Accordingly, Stations began to accrue dividends in October 2000 under the effective cost method on a prospective basis based on the carrying value at October 1, 2000 to the liquidation preference at July 1, 2008. The effect of this change was to increase the loss per common share for the year ended December 31, 2000 by \$(0.20). The change had no effect on income before extraordinary item or net income. Prior to June 5, 2001, dividend payments on the Junior Preferred Stock were not permitted to be made in cash and instead were added automatically to the liquidation preference and as a result are deemed paid in full.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The Junior Preferred Stock is subject to mandatory redemption in whole on July 1, 2008 and Stations has the option to redeem these shares in whole or in part at a price equal to the sum of the liquidation value per share plus an amount equal to all accumulated and unpaid dividends per share to the date of redemption.

The following table summarizes these activities from December 31, 1999 through December 31, 2001 as follows:

	<b>Senior Preferred Stock</b>	<b>Junior Preferred Stock</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
Balance at December 31, 1999	\$122,092	\$59,539
Accrued dividends	15,469	6,389
Accretion of redemption prepayment premium	2,075	—
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$139,636	\$65,928
Accrued dividends	16,135	12,977
Accretion of redemption prepayment premium	2,074	—
Balance at December 31, 2001	\$157,845	\$78,905

**Initial Warrants**

At December 31, 2000 and 2001, there were 345,000 and 310,000 of outstanding Initial Warrants, respectively, which expire July 1, 2007. Each Initial Warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one share of class A common stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share. The value of the Initial Warrants at the date of issuance was \$9,000,000, which was allocated to paid-in capital. During September 1999, December 2000 and January 2001, Stations redeemed 185,000, 20,000, and 35,000 of the outstanding Initial Warrants for \$2,957,000, \$80,000 and \$158,000, respectively.

**Discount Notes**

In June 1996, Stations issued Senior Subordinated Discount Notes due 2006 (the "Discount Notes") in the principal amount of \$170,000,000. These Discount Notes were issued at a discount of \$79,822,000, which generated gross proceeds of \$90,178,000. The Discount Notes mature on May 15, 2006 and yield 13.25% per annum with no cash interest accruing prior to May 15, 2001. On May 15, 2001, cash interest began to accrue until maturity payable semiannually, commencing November 15, 2001. The Discount Notes are redeemable at the option of Stations, in whole or in part, at predetermined redemption prices and under specified conditions. The Discount Notes are subordinated to all other senior debt of Stations. The Discount Notes contain various restrictive covenants. The Discount Notes were exchanged for Discount Notes registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a registration statement declared effective in October 1996. At December 31, 2000 and 2001 the accreted value of the notes was \$147,546,000 and \$154,670,000, respectively. The outstanding face value at December 31, 2000 and 2001 was \$154,670,000.

Stations is currently in default on the Discount Notes as Stations was unable to make the November 15, 2001 interest payment as Stations' senior lenders under the Credit Facility blocked the payment of interest due on the Discount Notes as discussed in (Note Q). The entire outstanding balance of the Discount Notes of \$154,670,000 has been classified as a current liability as a result of the default and related uncertainty.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Since Stations derives all of its operating income and cash flow from Benedek Stations' ability to pay its obligations, including (i) interest on and principal of the Discount Notes, (ii) redemption of and cash dividends on the Senior Preferred Stock and (iii) redemption of and cash dividends on the Junior Preferred Stock, will be dependent primarily upon receiving dividends and other payments or advances from Benedek. Benedek is a separate and distinct legal entity and has no legal obligation, contingent or otherwise, to pay any amount to Stations or to make funds available to Stations for debt service or any other obligation.

**(Note G) — Long Term Debt**

**(1) Notes payable**

***Term Loans and Revolver***

On May 20, 1999, Stations borrowed \$275,000,000 against a credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), which was amended as of June 18, 1999 and March 22, 2000, with an aggregate borrowing limit of \$310,000,000. The proceeds were used by Stations to finance the tender offer of its 11.875% Senior Secured Notes due 2005 (the "Senior Secured Notes") and extinguish the then existing credit agreement.

The Credit Facility includes a \$220,000,000 term loan (the "Term Loan") and a \$90,000,000 revolver (the "Revolver") of which no additional borrowings were available at December 31, 2001 due to covenant violations discussed below. The Term Loan bears interest, at Stations' option, at a base rate plus 2.25% or at a LIBOR rate plus 3.25%. The Revolver bears interest, at Stations' option, at a base rate plus 1.00% to 1.75% or at a LIBOR rate plus 2.00% to 2.75%. The margins above the base rate and the LIBOR rate at which the Revolver bears interest is reduced when certain leverage ratios decrease. The interest rate on the Term Loan was 7.0% and the interest rate on the Revolver was 6.5% at December 31, 2001. In addition, Stations has accrued for an additional 2.0% interest on the Term Loan and Revolver since September 17, 2001 due to a default interest rate provision which became effective when a forbearance agreement with the lenders expired. The unused portion of the Revolver is subject to a commitment fee ranging from 0.75% per annum to 0.375% per annum based on certain leverage ratios.

Stations is required to make scheduled payments on the Term Loan beginning in 2002 to maturity in 2007. In addition, Stations is required to make prepayments on the Term Loan and the Revolver under certain circumstances, including upon the sale of certain assets and the issuance of certain debt or equity securities. Beginning in 2002, Stations is required to make prepayments on the Term Loan and the Revolver in an amount equal to 50% of excess cash flow, which will require a payment of approximately \$2,664,000 on or prior to April 30, 2002.

The commitment under the Revolver will be permanently reduced over the period from June 2002 to maturity in 2007. In addition, the commitment under the Revolver will be permanently reduced in certain circumstances including upon the sale of certain assets and the issuance of certain debt or equity securities and with excess cash flow. Stations has the right to pay down the Revolver without penalty in increments of \$1,000,000.

The Credit Facility contains certain financial covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants related to interest coverage, total and senior leverage ratios and fixed charge ratio. In addition, the Credit Facility contains other affirmative and negative covenants relating to, among other things, liens, payments on other debt, restricted junior payments (excluding distributions from Benedek to Stations), transactions with affiliates, mergers and acquisitions, sales of assets, guarantees and investments. The Credit Facility contains customary events of default for highly-leveraged financings, including certain changes in ownership or control of Stations. The Credit Facility is secured by Stations' present and future property and assets and the common stock of Benedek License Corporation.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Stations is currently in default under the Credit Facility due to Stations being in violation of certain covenants since June 30, 2001. At December 31, 2001 Stations was not in compliance with the senior debt ratio, total leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio under the Credit Facility. The non-compliance results from the decline in operating results during 2001. The entire outstanding balance under the Credit Facility of \$276,000,000 has been classified as a current liability as a result of the default and related uncertainty.

**Other Notes**

Other notes payable consist of multiple financing agreements requiring monthly payments including interest from 0.9% to 11.6% on notes maturing from 2002 through 2021 that are collateralized by various assets of Stations.

Notes payable consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Revolver	\$ 58,500	\$ 56,000
Term Loan	220,000	220,000
Discount Notes — see (Note F) for terms	147,546	154,670
Other	6,896	6,702
	432,942	437,372
Less current maturities	1,460	432,639
	\$431,482	\$ 4,733

At December 31, 2001, the notes provide for annual reductions as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
2002	\$ 432,639
2003	858
2004	638
2005	491
2006	264
Thereafter	2,482
	\$ 437,372

Other notes include Stations' lease of its premises in Harrisonburg, Virginia under a capital lease. Stations has the option to purchase the premises upon written notice to the landlord at any time during the 20-year term, which expires April 27, 2018. At December 31, 2001, the option purchase price was \$1,415,000.

**(2) Interest Rate Cap**

During September 2001, in accordance with certain covenants of the Credit Facility, Stations entered into an interest rate cap agreement which matures in September 2003, to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on its floating-rate long-term debt. That agreement effectively entitles Stations to receive from a financial institution the amount, if any, by which the British Bankers' Association interest settlement rates ("settlement rate") for U.S. dollar deposits exceeds 6.00% on a notional amount totaling \$60,000,000 subject to an amortization schedule. As of December 31, 2001, the settlement rate was 1.90%.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The \$95,000 premium paid for this interest rate cap is being amortized ratably to interest expense over the 24-month term of the cap, and is reported as an other asset in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The carrying value of the interest rate cap at December 31, 2001 materially approximates fair value. Although Stations is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparty on the interest rate cap, management does not expect nonperformance by the counterparty.

**(3) Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt**

On April 16, 1999, Stations commenced a tender offer and consent solicitation (the "Offer") for any and all of the \$135,000,000 in outstanding principal amount of the Senior Secured Notes. The total consideration for each of \$1,000 principal of Senior Secured Notes was \$1,105.78 which consisted of the Offer price per \$1,000 principal of Senior Secured Notes of \$1,075.78 and a consent payment of \$30 per \$1,000 principal amount of the Senior Secured Notes.

On May 20, 1999, Stations redeemed all of the outstanding Senior Secured Notes. The offer was financed through the Credit Facility. A total of \$12,510,000 (net of \$8,340,000 of applicable income taxes) was reflected as a loss on the early extinguishment of debt which was comprised of prepayment premiums, consent payments, expenses of the transaction and a write-off of unamortized fees associated with the Senior Secured Notes and the then existing credit agreement.

During July 1999, Stations retired a portion of its Discount Notes with a face amount of \$3,000,000. The Discount Notes had an accreted value of \$2,371,000 and were purchased for a total of \$2,591,000, which includes a premium payment for early retirement. The premium payment, totaling \$220,000, is included in other interest expense.

During 2000, Stations retired portions of its Discount Notes with a total face amount of \$12,330,000. The Discount Notes had an accreted value of \$11,390,000 and were purchased for a total of \$9,820,000. A total of \$942,000 (net of \$628,000 of applicable income taxes) was reflected as a gain on the early extinguishment of debt.

**(Note H) — Program Broadcast Rights and Liabilities**

Program broadcast rights and program broadcast liabilities consist of the following:

	Program Broadcast Rights	Program Broadcast Liabilities
	(In thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 1999	\$ 7,114	\$ 9,586
Contracts acquired	8,100	8,100
Net addition due to station swap (Note B)	572	522
Amortization	(9,015)	—
Payments	—	(8,691)
	6,771	9,517
Balance at December 31, 2000	6,771	9,517
Contracts acquired	10,783	10,783
Amortization	(9,276)	—
Payments	—	(8,873)
	8,278	11,427
Balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 8,278	\$11,427

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The current maturities of program broadcast liabilities consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Program contracts, due in varying installments	\$ 9,517	\$ 11,427
Less current maturities	(9,188)	(9,421)
Long-term portion	\$ 329	\$ 2,006

The maturities of the contracts are as follows at December 31, 2001:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
2002	\$ 9,421
2003	877
2004	563
2005	510
2006	56
	\$ 11,427

In addition, Stations has entered into noncancellable commitments for future program broadcast rights aggregating approximately \$13,630,000 as of December 31, 2001 with future payments as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
2002	\$ 1,365
2003	5,246
2004	4,342
2005	2,225
2006	434
Thereafter	18
	\$ 13,630

**(Note I) — Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Trade payables	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,207
Barter, net	279	200
Compensation and benefits	5,757	4,517
Interest	2,486	14,449
Other	2,374	2,688
	\$ 12,449	\$ 23,061

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**(Note J) — Leases**

Stations leases land, office space and office and transportation equipment under agreements which expire from 2002 through 2007 and require various minimum annual rentals. The leases also require payment of the normal maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance on the properties.

Stations has the option to purchase its leased premises in Casper, Wyoming upon written notice to the landlord at any time during the 10-year term, which expires March 5, 2007. At December 31, 2001, the option purchase price was \$446,000, which increases each year through 2002 by six percent and each year thereafter by three percent of the original option purchase price.

The approximate total minimum rental commitments at December 31, 2001 under these leases are due as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
2002	\$ 1,364
2003	1,278
2004	893
2005	807
2006	400
Thereafter	156
	<hr/>
	\$ 4,898

Total rental expense under these agreements and other monthly rentals for the years ended 1999, 2000 and 2001 was approximately \$1,127,000, \$1,129,000 and \$1,040,000, respectively.

Stations is a lessor of certain portions of its real property to various organizations. Total rental income under these agreements for the years ended 1999, 2000 and 2001 was approximately \$1,000,000, \$1,031,000 and \$799,000, respectively.

**(Note K) — Income Tax Matters**

On June 6, 1996 when Stations changed tax status from an S corporation to a C corporation, the accumulated deficit of \$41,073,000, which existed on that date, was reclassified to additional paid-in capital.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following components for Stations:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
	(In thousands)	
Deferred tax assets:		
Loss and tax credit carryforwards	\$ 5,838	\$ 11,343
Receivable allowances and accruals	1,138	946
Network agreements	973	762
Original issue discount	26,200	29,049
	34,149	42,100
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment	5,596	4,555
Intangibles	78,480	76,811
	84,076	81,366
Net deferred tax liability	\$(49,927)	\$(39,266)

The total income tax benefit (expense) for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001 was \$9,717, \$(30,479) and \$11,906, respectively. Those amounts have been allocated to the following financial statement items:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
	(In thousands)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (406)	\$(29,199)	\$10,165
(Loss) from discontinued operations	1,783	(652)	1,741
Extraordinary item	8,340	(628)	—
	\$9,717	\$(30,479)	\$11,906

The income tax benefit (expense) related to continuing operations before income taxes and extraordinary item for Stations consisted of the following:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
	(In thousands)		
Current tax benefit (expense)	\$(696)	\$ (608)	\$ 359
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	290	(28,591)	9,806
	\$(406)	\$(29,199)	\$10,165

Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, Stations and its subsidiaries have approximately \$27,021,000 of net operating loss carryforwards, which expire in the years 2020 through 2022, and approximately \$535,000 of tax credit carryforwards with no expiration, that are available to offset future tax liabilities.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to Stations' effective tax rate on income (loss) from continuing operations is as follows:

	December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
Computed "expected" income tax (benefit) expense	(35.0)%	35.0%	(35.0)%
Increase (decrease) resulting from:			
State income taxes, net of federal effect	(5.0)	5.0	(5.0)
Nondeductible amortization and expenses	14.7	2.5	3.2
Nondeductible goodwill write-off related to sale of stations	25.1	22.6	—
Other, net	3.9	(0.1)	(0.2)
Effective tax rate	3.7%	65.0%	(37.0)%

The 1999 and 2000 tax effects related to the extraordinary items in 1999 and 2000 (Note G) are deferred and approximate the statutory U.S. tax rate.

**(Note L) — Preferred and Common Stock**

The board of directors of Stations has authorized 2,500,000 shares of preferred stock of which 550,000 was issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2001. The board has the right and ability to set the terms and preferences of the preferred stock. The board has not set the terms and preferences of the remaining 1,950,000 unissued shares.

The following table summarizes common stock:

	December 31,	
	2000	2001
Common stock, class A par value \$0.01, one vote per share		
Authorized shares	10,000,000	10,000,000
Issued and outstanding shares	None	None
Common stock, class B par value \$0.01, ten votes per share, convertible into class A common stock at a ratio of 1:1		
Authorized shares	10,000,000	10,000,000
Issued and outstanding shares	7,400,000	7,400,000

**(Note M) — Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The estimated fair value of financial instruments has been estimated by Stations using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies as discussed below. Considerable judgment was required, however, to interpret market data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented below are not necessarily indicative of the amounts Stations could realize in a current market exchange.

Cash and cash equivalents, current receivables and current payables have carrying values which approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of those instruments. The floating rate long-term debt carrying amount approximates fair value because the interest rate fluctuates with the bank's lending rate. The interest rate cap agreement is carried at fair value.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The following table shows the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of other financial instrument liabilities at December 31, 2000 and 2001:

	2000		2001	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
Program broadcast liabilities	\$ 9,517	\$ 9,081	\$ 11,427	\$ 11,002
Other notes payable	6,896	6,896	6,702	6,702
Discount Notes	147,546	119,096	154,670	112,909
Senior Preferred Stock	139,636	47,152	157,845	30,179
Junior Preferred Stock	65,928	22,078	78,905	See Below

The fair value of program broadcast liabilities and other notes payable were estimated using the discounted cash flow method.

The fair value of the Discount Notes and Senior Preferred Stock were estimated using readily available quoted market prices.

The fair value of the Junior Preferred Stock at December 31, 2000 was estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, based on the interest rate, preferences and other risks inherent in the instrument. Due to Stations' current financial position and the lack of available market prices, the fair value of the Junior Preferred Stock was not practicable to be estimated at December 31, 2001.

The above fair value estimates were made at a discrete point in time based on relevant market information and other assumptions about the financial instruments. As no active market exists for a significant portion of Stations' financial instruments, fair value estimates were based on judgments regarding current economic conditions; future expected cash flows, risk characteristics and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and, therefore, cannot be calculated with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

**(Note N) — Pending Adoption of Accounting Standards**

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued two statements — Statement 141 "Business Combinations" and Statement 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which will impact Stations' accounting for its goodwill and other intangible assets. Stations will be required to adopt these pronouncements for its 2002 financial statements.

Statement 141 "Business Combinations":

- Eliminates the pooling method of accounting for business combinations.
- Requires that intangible assets that meet certain criteria be reported separately from goodwill.
- Requires that negative goodwill arising from a business combination is recorded as an extraordinary gain.

Statement 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets":

- Eliminates the amortization of goodwill and other intangibles that are determined to have an indefinite life.
- Requires, at a minimum, annual impairment tests for goodwill and other intangible assets that are determined to have an indefinite life.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Upon adoption of these statements, Stations is required to:

- Evaluate its existing intangible assets and goodwill that were acquired in prior purchase business combinations and to make any necessary reclassifications in order to conform to the new criteria.
- Reassess the useful lives of intangible assets and adjust the remaining amortization periods accordingly.

In accordance with Statement 142, Stations stopped amortizing its goodwill and FCC licenses upon adoption on January 1, 2002. Stations also revised the amortization periods for its network affiliation agreements from 40 years to the remaining term of the applicable agreement. As of January 1, 2002, Stations also performed the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets, from which no impairment loss was identified.

A reconciliation of previously reported net loss applicable to common stock and basic and diluted loss per share to the amounts adjusted for the exclusion of goodwill and FCC license amortization and for the adjustment to network affiliation agreement amortization, net of applicable income taxes, follow:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	2000	2001
(In thousands, except per share data)			
Reported net loss before extraordinary item applicable to common stock	\$ (34,764)	\$ (9,099)	\$ (76,601)
Add back:			
Goodwill amortization	4,415	3,590	3,389
FCC license amortization	2,054	2,658	2,842
Adjust network affiliation agreement amortization	(6,188)	(6,188)	(6,188)
Adjusted net loss before extraordinary item applicable to common stock	\$ (34,483)	\$ (9,039)	\$ (76,558)
Extraordinary item	(12,510)	942	—
Adjusted net loss applicable to common stock	\$ (46,993)	\$ (8,097)	\$ (76,558)
Reported basic and diluted loss per share before extraordinary item	\$ (4.70)	\$ (1.23)	\$ (10.35)
Add back:			
Goodwill amortization	0.60	0.49	0.46
FCC license amortization	0.28	0.36	0.38
Adjust network affiliation agreement amortization	(0.84)	(0.84)	(0.84)
Adjusted basic and diluted loss per share before extraordinary item	\$ (4.66)	\$ (1.22)	\$ (10.35)
Extraordinary item	(1.69)	0.13	—
Adjusted basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (6.35)	\$ (1.09)	\$ (10.35)

**(Note O) — Early Adoption of Accounting Standard**

In October 2001, the FASB issued Statement 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which establishes accounting and reporting standards for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. This statement supercedes Statement 121 "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of." Statement 144 provides one accounting model to

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

be used for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale, whether previously held for use or newly acquired, and broadens the presentation of discontinued operations to include more disposal transactions. The provisions of Statement 144 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, however, as permitted by the Statement, Stations has elected to early adopt Statement 144 as of January 1, 2001, and the accompanying financial statements have been prepared with the Station Group and WTRF-TV accounted for as discontinued operations in accordance with Statement 144. The adoption of this Statement had no effect on net loss for the year ended December 31, 2001.

**(Note P) — Commitments**

In accordance with FCC regulations, Stations is required to provide digital advanced television transmission (“DTV”) for each of its television stations by May 1, 2002. The conversion to DTV from current analog transmissions will require a substantial capital outlay by Stations and has been completed at one of the television stations. Stations has requested six-month extensions for each of the remaining stations which are currently pending with the FCC. Stations estimates the total costs associated with the conversion to be approximately \$18,700,000. Approximately \$4,147,000 has been incurred at December 31, 2001, with the remainder to be incurred in 2002 and beyond. In connection with the conversion to DTV, Stations has entered into an agreement to purchase twelve digital transmitters for approximately \$4,990,000.

**(Note Q) — Management Plans, Continuing Operations and Subsequent Events**

Stations is currently in default under its Credit Facility due to the violation of certain covenants since June 30, 2001. The senior lenders under the Credit Facility thus blocked the payment of approximately \$10,247,000 of cash interest due to the holders of the Discount Notes on November 15, 2001. The payment blockage is for a period of 179 days commencing on November 7, 2001. Due to this payment blockage, Stations has not yet made the November 15, 2001 interest payment and is in default under the Discount Notes.

In response to the above, Stations has been actively seeking to reduce its debt burden since February 2001. These efforts include, among other things, potential asset or stock sales. The Stations’ efforts to sell assets and reduce indebtedness are designed to enable Stations to service and/or prepay its debt obligations. In addition to potential asset and stock sales, Stations continues to explore other alternatives to address its cash interest obligations on the Discount Notes and its non-compliance with the Credit Facility. The events of September 11, 2001 and their adverse impact on Stations’ liquidity, together with the difficult advertising revenue climate that continued through the end of 2001, have negatively impacted some of the alternatives that were previously available to Stations.

Stations has held extensive negotiations with certain holders of the Discount Notes and other constituents in an attempt to obtain additional liquidity or otherwise address the outstanding defaults under the Discount Notes and the Credit Facility. Notwithstanding many weeks of intense discussions, Stations has been unable to accomplish an out of court restructuring with its constituents. Therefore, on March 22, 2002 Stations filed for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code to fully explore all available strategic alternatives in order to identify the option that will best maximize value for Stations’ constituents.

On April 1, 2002 Stations signed a letter of intent with Gray Communications Systems, Inc. (“Gray”), whereby Gray will acquire 100% of the capital stock of Stations for a cash payment of \$500,000,000 less the amount of debt assumed at closing. The transaction is subject to execution of a definitive agreement as well as approval by the FCC of the transfer of control of Stations’ FCC licenses. The transaction is also subject to approval by the Delaware bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 reorganization of Stations. The transaction is expected to close by the fourth quarter of 2002.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

On April 30, 2002, Stations completed the sale of the television broadcast assets of WTRF-TV to West Virginia Media. See (Note B).

On June 4, 2002, Stations executed a merger agreement with Gray whereby Stations will become a subsidiary of Gray in exchange for approximately \$502,500,000 in cash, a substantial portion of which will be used to satisfy, in full, certain indebtedness of Stations. As part of the merger agreement, Stations and Gray agreed to sell the assets of eight television stations (the "Station Group") to a third party prior to the merger with Gray. On June 4, 2002, Stations also signed an agreement with a third party to sell the Station Group for a sales price of \$30,000,000 less assumed indebtedness. The Station Group and WTRF-TV have been accounted for as discontinued operations under SFAS No. 144 for each period presented.

The assets and liabilities of the Station Group and WTRF-TV consist of the following at December 31:

	2000	2001
(In thousands)		
<b>Assets</b>		
Accounts receivable	\$ 8,080	\$ 7,438
Program broadcast rights	2,281	2,783
Property and equipment	20,389	19,041
Goodwill	35,277	10,729
Intangible assets	44,027	41,542
Other	886	1,107
Total	\$110,940	\$82,640
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Notes and leases payable	\$ 2,219	\$ 1,921
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,297	3,133
Program broadcast liabilities	3,151	2,741
Deferred taxes	13,106	12,217
Other	1,307	1,017
Total	\$ 22,080	\$21,029

The assets of WTRF-TV are separately classified as "Assets of station held for sale" at December 31, 2001.

For the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the net revenues included in discontinued operations for the Station Group and WTRF-TV were \$40,974,000, \$43,399,000 and \$36,115,000, respectively. Excluding writedowns to fair value and losses on sale of \$(2,984,000) in 1999 and \$(24,553,000) in 2001, the amount of loss before income taxes included in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001 was \$(3,158,000), \$(229,000) and \$(5,273,000), respectively.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	December 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
	(Unaudited)	
	(In thousands)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,503	\$ 7,365
Receivables		
Trade, net	29,912	18,786
Notes receivable-officers	720	1,702
Other	720	604
Current portion of program broadcast rights	6,394	2,947
Prepaid expenses	2,237	2,382
Deferred income taxes	946	627
Assets of stations held for sale	18,500	47,841
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	62,932	82,254
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Property and equipment	67,874	49,967
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Goodwill	83,210	78,099
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Intangible assets	247,665	213,123
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other assets		
Program broadcast rights, less current portion	1,884	1,029
Deferred loan and transaction costs	3,487	3,714
Notes receivable-officers	982	—
Other	203	253
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	6,556	4,996
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 468,237	\$ 428,439
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
Liabilities Not Subject to Compromise:		
Current Liabilities:		
Current maturities of notes payable	\$ 432,639	\$ 2,283
Current portion of program broadcast liabilities	9,421	4,819
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	23,061	9,935
Deferred revenue	580	276
Liabilities of stations held for sale	—	8,967
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	465,701	26,280
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Long-Term Obligations		
Notes payable	4,733	2,975
Program broadcast liabilities	2,006	1,121
Deferred revenue	1,325	562
Deferred income taxes	40,212	23,326
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	48,276	27,984
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Liabilities subject to compromise	—	448,175
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Senior exchangeable preferred stock, liquidation preference, 2001 – \$150,895 and 2002 – \$155,233.	157,845	162,163
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Seller junior discount preferred stock, liquidation preference, 2001 – \$73,296 and 2002 – \$76,369.	78,905	82,436
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Stockholders' (Deficit)		
Common stock, class A	—	—
Common stock, class B	74	74
Additional paid-in capital	(68,605)	(68,595)

Accumulated deficit	(213,260)	(249,414)
Stockholder's note receivable	(699)	(664)
	<u>(282,490)</u>	<u>(318,599)</u>
	\$ 468,237	\$ 428,439
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
	(Unaudited) (In thousands, except share and per share data)	
Net revenues	\$ 23,587	\$ 25,584
Operating expenses:		
Selling, technical and program expenses	12,526	12,191
General and administrative	4,138	4,067
Depreciation and amortization	5,368	6,309
Corporate	1,664	1,543
	<u>23,696</u>	<u>24,110</u>
Operating income (loss)	(109)	1,474
Financial income (expense):		
Interest expense:		
Cash interest	(5,051)	(10,591)
Other interest	(5,661)	(192)
	<u>(10,712)</u>	<u>(10,783)</u>
Interest income	49	32
	<u>(10,663)</u>	<u>(10,751)</u>
(Loss) before reorganization items	(10,772)	(9,277)
Reorganization items:		
Professional fees	—	(931)
(Loss) from continuing operations before income tax	(10,772)	(10,208)
Income tax benefit	4,064	3,931
(Loss) from continuing operations	(6,708)	(6,277)
Discontinued Operations:		
(Loss) from operations of discontinued stations	(2,371)	(33,497)
Income tax benefit	725	11,469
(Loss) from discontinued operations	(1,646)	(22,028)
Net (loss)	(8,354)	(28,305)
Preferred stock dividends and accretion	(7,480)	(7,849)
Net (loss) applicable to common stock	<u>\$ (15,834)</u>	<u>\$ (36,154)</u>
Basic and diluted (loss) per common share:		
(Loss) from continuing operations	\$ (1.92)	\$ (1.91)
(Loss) from discontinued operations	(0.22)	(2.98)
(Loss) per common share	<u>\$ (2.14)</u>	<u>\$ (4.89)</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	<u>7,400,000</u>	<u>7,400,000</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.



**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
	(Unaudited) (In thousands)	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net (loss)	\$(8,354)	\$(28,305)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of program broadcast rights	2,284	2,260
Depreciation and amortization	4,527	4,261
Amortization and writedown of intangibles and deferred loan costs	3,087	3,841
Amortization of note discount	4,735	—
Loss on writedown of stations held for sale	—	31,288
Deferred income taxes	(4,869)	(15,474)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:		
Receivables	7,059	5,335
Prepaid expenses and other	(493)	(344)
Payments on program broadcast liabilities	(2,346)	(2,625)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(86)	6,323
Deferred revenue	(143)	(94)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>5,401</u>	<u>6,466</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,965)	(1,594)
Disbursements on notes receivable-officers, net of payments	15	—
Other, net	(23)	(65)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	<u>(1,973)</u>	<u>(1,659)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Principal payments on notes payable	(337)	(537)
Net (payments) on revolver	(4,500)	—
Repurchase of initial warrants	(158)	—
Deferred transaction costs and other	(21)	(408)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	<u>(5,016)</u>	<u>(945)</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,588)	3,862
<b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b>		
Beginning	<u>3,983</u>	<u>3,503</u>
Ending	<u>\$ 2,395</u>	<u>\$ 7,365</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — (Continued)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
	(Unaudited) (In thousands)	
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash payments for interest	\$ 6,276	\$ 4,775
Cash payments for income taxes	22	74
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of program broadcast rights	\$ 1,175	\$ 88
Notes payable incurred for purchase of property and equipment	558	86
Equipment acquired by barter transactions	114	40
Dividends accrued on preferred stock	6,973	7,849
Accrued interest on note receivable stockholder added to additional paid-in capital	10	10
Amortization of stockholder note forgiveness	—	45
Accretion to senior preferred stock	507	—
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Note A) — Nature of Business and Basis of Presentation

##### *Nature of Business*

Stations is a holding company with minimal operations other than from its wholly owned subsidiary, Benedek. Stations owns and operates twenty-three television stations located throughout the United States. Stations' revenues are derived primarily from the sale of advertising time and, to a modest extent from compensation paid by the networks for broadcasting network programming and barter transactions for goods and services. The television stations sell commercial time during the programs to national, regional and local advertisers. The networks also sell commercial time during the programs to national advertisers. Credit arrangements are determined on an individual customer basis. Segment information is not presented since all of Stations' revenue is attributed to a single reportable segment.

##### *Basis of Presentation*

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Stations and Benedek. Benedek includes three wholly owned subsidiaries, Benedek License Corporation, Benedek Cable, Inc. and Benedek Interactive Media, LLC. All significant intercompany items and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

On March 22, 2002, Stations filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. Benedek and its subsidiaries are not party to the bankruptcy action. Under Chapter 11, certain claims against the Debtor in existence prior to the filing of the petitions for relief under the federal bankruptcy laws are stayed while the Debtor continues business operations as Debtor-in-possession. These claims are reflected in the March 31, 2002 balance sheet as "Liabilities subject to compromise."

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that Stations will continue as a going concern. Stations is in default under its credit facility and senior subordinated discount notes and Stations has filed for bankruptcy relief as described above. These facts raise substantial doubt with respect to Stations' ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are described in Note D below. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty, other than the classification of Stations' credit facility, which totals \$276,000,000, the Discount Notes of \$154,670,000, and the interest due on the Discount Notes of \$17,477,000, as a portion of liabilities subject to compromise.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Some of the information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. It is recommended that these financial statements be read along with the annual financial statements and footnotes thereto of Stations for the year ended December 31, 2001 included elsewhere in this report.

#### (Note B) — Commitments

In accordance with FCC regulations, the stations are required to provide digital advanced television transmission ("DTV") by May 1, 2002. The conversion to DTV from the current analog transmissions will require a substantial capital outlay by Stations and has been completed at one of the stations. The company has requested six month extensions for each of the remaining stations which are currently pending with the FCC. Stations estimates the total costs associated with the conversion to be approximately \$18,700,000. Approximately \$4,671,000 has been incurred at March 31, 2002, with the remainder to be incurred in 2002 and beyond. In connection with the conversion to DTV, Stations entered

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

into a strategic alliance agreement that requires Stations to purchase twenty-five transmitters for an amount that represents approximately \$10,400,000. Through March 31, 2002, Stations had received and substantially completed payment on eight of the transmitters.

**(Note C) — Adoption of Accounting Standards**

**Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142**

On January 1, 2002, Stations adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141 "Business Combinations and SFAS No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS No. 141 requires that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001, and also specifies the criteria for recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill. SFAS No. 142, requires that goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives no longer be amortized, but instead be tested for impairment upon adoption and at least annually thereafter in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142.

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, Stations stopped amortizing its goodwill and FCC licenses upon adoption on January 1, 2002. Amortization expense related to the goodwill and FCC licenses for the three-month period ended March 31, 2001 was approximately \$1,548,000 (net of \$500,000 of applicable income taxes). Stations also revised the amortization periods for its network affiliation agreements from 40 years to the remaining term of the applicable agreement. As of January 1, 2002, Stations also performed the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets, from which no impairment loss was identified.

A reconciliation of previously reported net loss applicable to common stock and basic and diluted loss per share to the amounts adjusted for the exclusion of goodwill and FCC license amortization and for the adjustment to network affiliation agreement amortization, net of applicable income taxes, follow:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
	(In thousands, except per share data)	
Reported net loss applicable to common stock	\$(15,834)	\$(36,154)
Add back:		
Goodwill amortization	838	—
FCC license amortization	710	—
Adjust network affiliation agreement amortization	(1,571)	—
Adjusted net loss applicable to common stock	<u>\$(15,857)</u>	<u>\$(36,154)</u>
Reported basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (2.14)	\$ (4.89)
Add back:		
Goodwill amortization	0.11	—
FCC license amortization	0.10	—
Adjust network affiliation agreement amortization	(0.21)	—
Adjusted basic and diluted loss per share	<u>\$ (2.14)</u>	<u>\$ (4.89)</u>

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three-month period ended March 31, 2002 are as follows:

	(In thousands)
Balance as of January 1, 2002.	\$ 83,210
Writedown associated with stations held for sale	(4,803)
Goodwill reclassified as asset of stations held for sale	(308)
Balance as of March 31, 2002.	\$ 78,099

The composition of Stations' intangible assets and associated accumulated amortization is as follows as of March 31, 2002:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Assets Held For Sale	Net Carrying Amount
	(In thousands)			
Intangible assets subject to amortization:				
Network affiliation agreements	\$ 104,261	\$ 26,225	\$ 8,839	\$ 69,197
Other	2,736	1,527	74	1,135
Intangible assets not subject to amortization				
FCC licenses	\$ 106,997	\$ 27,752	8,913	\$ 70,332
	148,132	—	5,341	142,791
Total intangible assets	\$ 255,129	\$ 27,752	\$ 14,254	\$ 213,123

The aggregate amortization expense for the three month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 totaled \$2,704,000 and \$3,286,000, respectively. Estimated amortization expense for each of the years ending December 31, 2002 through 2006 is approximately \$8,700,000 per year.

**Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144**

On January 1, 2001, Stations adopted SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" which provides accounting and disclosure guidance for the impairment of long-lived assets and long-lived assets to be disposed of.

On April 1, 2002, Stations signed the letter of intent with Gray Communications Systems, Inc. ("Gray"), which is described more fully in Note D along with the resulting merger agreement. Included in that agreement, Stations agreed to sell all assets of eight television stations ("Station Group") to a third party prior to the merger with Gray. On June 4, 2002, Stations signed an agreement with a third party to sell the Station Group for a sales price of \$30,000,000 less assumed indebtedness. This sale is to close before the merger agreement with Gray is consummated, which will most likely occur in the fourth quarter of 2002.

On November 26, 2001 Stations entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with West Virginia Media Holdings, LLC ("West Virginia Media") pursuant to which, on April 30, 2002, Stations sold the television broadcast assets of WTRF-TV, in Wheeling, West Virginia to West Virginia Media for \$18,500,000. Stations recorded a lower of cost or market adjustment of approximately \$6,880,000 in the fourth quarter of 2001 to write down the assets of WTRF-TV to the sales price.

The Station Group and WTRF-TV have been classified as stations held for sale at March 31, 2002 and have accordingly been accounted for as discontinued operations under SFAS No. 144.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The assets and liabilities of the stations classified as held for sale at March 31, 2002 consist of the following:

	December 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
	(In thousands)	
<b>Assets</b>		
Accounts receivable	\$ 7,438	\$ 5,907
Program broadcast rights	2,783	2,131
Property and equipment	19,041	18,420
Goodwill	10,729	5,926
Intangible assets	41,542	14,254
Other	1,107	1,203
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 82,640</b>	<b>\$47,841</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Notes and leases payable	\$ 1,921	\$ 1,757
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,133	1,970
Program broadcast liabilities	2,741	2,950
Deferred taxes	12,217	1,330
Other	1,017	960
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 21,029</b>	<b>\$ 8,967</b>

At March 31, 2002 Stations recorded a write-down before income taxes of approximately \$31,288,000. This writedown was needed to adjust the carrying value of the stations held for sale to their fair value.

For the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, the net revenues included in discontinued operations for the stations held for sale were \$8,350,000 and \$8,081,000, respectively. Excluding a writedown to fair value of \$(31,288,000) in 2002, the amount of loss before income taxes included in discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002 was \$(2,371,000) and \$(2,209,000), respectively.

**(Note D) – Management Plans, Continuing Operations and Subsequent Events**

Stations has been in default under its Credit Facility due to the violation of certain covenants since June 30, 2001. The senior lenders under the credit facility thus blocked the payment of approximately \$10,247,000 of cash interest due to the holders of the Senior Subordinated Discount Notes ("Discount Notes"). Due to this payment blockage, Stations has not yet made the November 15, 2001 interest payment and is in default under the Discount Notes.

In response to the above, Stations has been actively seeking to reduce its debt burden since February 2001. These efforts included, among other things, potential asset or stock sales. Stations' efforts to sell assets and reduce indebtedness were designed to enable Stations to service and/or prepay their debt obligations. In addition to potential asset and stock sales, Stations continued to explore other alternatives to address its cash interest obligations on the Discount Notes and its non-compliance with the Credit Facility. However, the events of September 11, 2001 and their adverse impact on Stations' liquidity together with the difficult advertising revenue climate that continued through the end of 2001, negatively impacted some of the alternatives that were previously available to Stations.

**STATIONS HOLDING COMPANY, INC., DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Stations held extensive negotiations with certain holders of the Discount Notes and other constituents in an attempt to obtain additional liquidity or otherwise address the outstanding defaults under the Discount Notes and the Credit Facility. Notwithstanding many weeks of intense discussions, Stations was unable to accomplish an out of court restructuring with its constituents. Therefore, on March 22, 2002 Stations filed for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code to fully explore all available strategic alternatives in order to identify the option that would best maximize value for Stations' constituents.

On April 1, 2002 Stations signed a letter of intent with Gray and on June 4, 2002 Stations executed a merger agreement with Gray whereby Stations will become a subsidiary of Gray in exchange for approximately \$502,500,000 in cash. This amount anticipates payment in full of the Credit Facility and Discount Notes and partial payment to the holders of the Senior Preferred Stock and the Junior Preferred Stock.

Stations and Gray agreed in the merger agreement to the disposition by Stations of the Station Group. On June 4, 2002 Stations thus entered into an agreement to sell the Station Group to a third party for a sales price of \$30,000,000 less assumed indebtedness. The proceeds of the transaction, which is a condition of closing pursuant to the merger agreement, will be consummated immediately prior to the closing of the merger agreement with Gray, will be used to repay in part Stations' lenders under the Credit Facility. The merger agreement with Gray and the sale of the Station Group are expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2002.

**Item 7. Financial Statements, Pro Forma Financial Information and Exhibits.**

(a)-(b) Not applicable

(c) Exhibits

- Exhibit 2.1 Merger Agreement, dated June 4, 2002, by and among Stations Holding Company, Inc., Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and Gray MidAmerica Television, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
- Exhibit 10.1 Lock Up, Voting and Consent Agreement, dated as of June 4, 2002, by and among Stations Holding Company, Inc., Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and the holders of shares of Stations Class B Common Stock listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
- Exhibit 10.2 Lock Up, Voting and Consent Agreement, dated as of June 4, 2002, by and among Stations Holding Company, Inc., Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and the holders of shares of Stations 11.5% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
- Exhibit 10.3 Lock Up, Voting and Consent Agreement, dated as of June 13, 2002, by and among Stations Holding Company, Inc., Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and the holders of shares of Stations Junior Preferred Stock listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
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- Exhibit 10.4 Lock Up, Voting and Consent Agreement, dated as of June 4, 2002, by and among Stations Holding Company, Inc., Gray Communications Systems, Inc. and the holders of Stations 13.25% Senior Subordinated Discount Notes listed on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
- Exhibit 10.5 Designated Stations Asset Purchase Agreement, dated June 4, 2002, by and among Chelsey Broadcasting Company, LLC, Benedek Broadcasting Corporation and Benedek License Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of Gray (Registration No. 333-88694))
- Exhibit 23.1\* Consent of McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

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\* Filed herewith.

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: July 17, 2002

GRAY COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.

By: /s/ James C. Ryan

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James C. Ryan  
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
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23.1*	Consent of McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

\* Filed herewith.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CONSENT

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements of Gray Communications Systems, Inc. (Form S-8 No. 33-84656 and Form S-8 No. 333-17773) pertaining to the Gray Communications Systems, Inc. Capital Accumulation Plan, the Registration Statements (Form S-8 333-15711 and Form S-8 No. 333-89855) pertaining to the Gray Communications Systems, Inc. 1992 Long-Term Incentive Plan and the Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-42377) pertaining to the Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan of our report on the consolidated financial statements of Stations Holding Company, Inc. and Subsidiaries dated March 15, 2002 except for the subsequent events described in Note Q as to which the date is June 4, 2002, appearing in this Report on Form 8-K.

/s/ McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Rockford, Illinois  
July 17, 2002